

DAULY WEFERT

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People's Republic of China

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DAILY REPORT

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PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA

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then tracked the Seviet Leading strains on the rew during Smaltrman Haste Wist to the street committee were his remarks concerning anti-negation in his species. The societ news agency This said on August 18 that "the paper (FioThe's Palit == mitter) especially streets the paper of the Euclidean factor the stranger against begonning which, as is snown, in Chicago interpretation means stranger against the Soviet Union." In recent years, any mention of "begonning" or "enti-negationism" has touched the Soviet Union to the paint and made it Frest braiderically.

Asfating the Jowiet attacks on Vagorieria, the problem of the Longes of Communists of Vagoriavia, Josepheros Tito pointed out sterning. The Joviet Union alleged that "man Eus-Forg had attacked the Joviet Union in our country. This is not true. Has tau-forg mentioned beganning in his true; but toused to name. Yet beganning does exist in many places."

The Seviet authorities have become so addicted to beton-wilding that they prescribed what should be said and what should not be said by the leaders during Chairman Hua tanalogs visit to the three committee. In a commentator's article, IZVETIMA strongly resented the absence in Chairman dur's specifies of disarrances and detente, their favourite terms. This even found fault with the communique of Sino-Romanian talks. It criticized Vagoulavia for failing to drow a "clear distinction" with the Chinese leader's statements. This is not only arrogant; it is stapid and ridicalous. As taking stornly pointed out on August 29: "It sounds very strongs and it is surely without precedent that a news agency lectures a state about what it should say at inter-governmental talks to the other state."

Sirelas Caucasas, general secretary of the Romanian Communist Party and president of Romania, also pointed out in a recent speech, "Apart from a minumeterstanding of the Romanian policy and malevolence, certain comments may have been brought about, by the fact that certain people probably try to Judge Romania's policy by the policy of certain leading quarters in their own country." He said. "They understood bothing about the nistory of the Romanian people, about their determination solely to serve the independence and sovereignty of the homeland and the general cause of independence of the peoples, to follow only the road of friendship on an equal footing with all the peoples of the world."

During Chairman Bua's three-mation visit, the Soviet propaganda machine poured out a stream of unbridged attacks on China's foreign policy, repeating the platitude about China's "threat" to peace. The Soviet charges are not worth refuting for it is very clear to all people which country is the biggest threat to world peace today, which will be the source of world war and which is domineering everywhere in the world and is engaged in aggression, expansion, subversion and disruption.

Moscow's clamburs over Chairman Hua's visit can scare nobody; they only serve to reveal nore clearly before the people of the world the ugly features of the Joviet negocomists, their weakness and their fears of friendship and unity among the people of various countries.

PROPERTY BALLY ON THE ATMENT OF U.S. INMONUTRATORS IN MOSCOW

MINORSOY Poking PROPIR'S DAILY in Chinese 7 Sep 78 p 6 mk

[Article by Liang Li [2733 7787]: "The Fists of the 'Angel of Peace!"]

[Text] The Soviet authorities have always advertised how they have "worked" for disarmament and peddled plans for disarmament left and right by the basketfull to all the countries of the world. (paragraph continues)

nowers, several days ago, when seven members of a U.S. actions alliance delegation of the Lagran States and Series and Se

In the Boylet Co. . People agains Reviet revisionist densist appreciation and desiring descript anylogy. People against Reviet revisionist densist appreciation and desiring descript are Toront total policy. Minorally nationalities reported Boston constructor and strugging for national equality are suggested. All these are insent acceptance. How, on this country which professes a "formula live for poste" to "account a temperature," two the call for disarrangent and peace has brough a monitous stress. This gives much food for through,

Why is it that Soviet politicises continue clambing and targing the tackneyed time of "disarmament" on the vertices of the United Mations but to not parent people in their own rountry the Freedom of demonstrating for "disarmament"

The classe of the Seviet leaders for disarmament is only a newery destroying potion they posse to achieve world demination. They are using the alogan of "disarmament" primarily to wesken the military strength of the United States, its reval for begenony, and to build up their ewn military strength. Second, they want to keep other nations from strengthening their military defendes so that the Seviet Union can pursue its policy of military blackmail. As for the supressions of its desire for disarmament often made by the Seviet Union, they are simply strengts to disguise itself as an "angel of peace" to delude world opinion so that people will relat their vigilance against Seviet begenery. Actually, the Seviet sutherities are desperately going all out in pursuing military expansion and will never out mask a single moldier or man. Saturally, these naive 0.5, parifiest calling on the Seviet Union to disarm made violated its sacred law and must also be give a tante of fascist distationship.

This incident in Red Square is only a minor interlude, and for these well-meaning tourists who colleved in the "eincerity" of the Soviet authorities, this leating is a useful lesson worth remembering.

COMMERCARY SCORES USER HANDLING OF SATISBALITIES PROBLEMS

CW151525Y Poking NCSA in English 1200 GPT 15 Sep 78 CW

I Commentary on Brezhout's Shamelens Boast Atout Nationalities Problems -- NCNA headline)

[Text] Peking, if Dep (REINROM correspondent) - Leonid Browney in a recent message once again to asted of Soviet "achievements" in colving national prolong, describing the F vist minute say - "margins" in which all estimalities live to equality. This is indeed a soviet to say, to whom these is passed off as "slory."

In the natural process and, "in the Saviet Union, the nationalities problem has been fully resolved," been than conform with reality? Let us give some facts concerning events which not taken place than regionize of the year. Last April, members of local nationalities in Appendix at Secretary that appendix to protect the discrimination against non-last on languages practiced to the Levist supportings.

In June, a Crimean Tatar burned himself to death in protest against the Boviet authorities' national discrimination. Afterwards, over 800 Crimean Tatars held a funeral procession for him, which was also a demonstration. In the same month the Azerbaijan Republic minister and vice-minister for internal affairs were both assassinated. In the first half of this year, the masses of the Abkhaz Autonomous Republic held many demonstrations, written letters and sent messages to the Soviet authorities protesting against their national oppression and the policy of compulsory assimilation.

Such instances of nationalities expressing their resistance have been frequent since 1970. In April of that year, middle school students in Minsk in Byelorussia staged a demonstration, shouting "this is not Excehoslovakia!" In October 1971, miners at Donbase in the Ukraine staged a strike calling for the improvement of working conditions. In 1972, many self-immolations and demonstrations against national appression took place in Lithuania, Estonia and the Ukraine; a number of veteran party members wrote an open letter in which the big-Russian chauvinism pursued by the Soviet authorities was exposed; an underground organization in the Ukraine distributed leaflets pointed out that Brezhnev and his like have become social-imperialists. In 1975, workers staged strikes in Eyelorussia, the Ukraine and Lithuania and demonstrations were held in Tbilisi in Georgia. In 1976, leaflets were scattered in the Ukraine by an underground organization expressing apposition to the enforcement of national and social appression and the Russification of non-Russian nationalities. Students at Tartu City in Estonia held demonstration in the same year urging democratic rights and opposing national appression.

This assembly of facts shows that in the Soviet Union, not only has the nationalities problem not been resolved, but on the contrary, national contradictions have become ever more acute owing to Brezhnev's pursuance of a reactionary policy of big-Rurvian chauvisim.

Brezhnev also alleged in the message that "the policy of the Soviet state as regards the nationalities question is invariable and consistent." He even had the temerity to quote the "declaration of the rights of the peoples of Russia" promulgated by Lenin. However, ever since its usurpation of power, the Soviet revisionist renegade clique has betrayed completely the principles laid down by Lenin in the nationalities policy.

Lenin clearly pointed out, "We must repress with the utmost severity the slightest manifestation in our midst of great-Russian nationalism." The present Soviet leadership, however, openly advocates that "there has never been greater human character than that (of the Russian nation) at any time and any place in the world" and that the Russian nation "undertakes the major responsibility of striving for social progress and the happiness of mankind." They openly betrayed Lenin's policy that attention must be paid to the rearing and employment of cadres of minority nationalities. Rather they purged and dismissed cadres of non-Russian nationalities in large numbers. They openly clamoured that a new historical community of human beings—the Soviet people—had taken shape, and the process of climinating national confines decides the basic content of the present development of national relations in their country. In this way they tried their utmost to suppress the development of national minorities. Culturally, they curb the development of the national minorities under the slogans of forming a "cultural community" and "a linguistic community."

The Savist newspaper SARYA VETERA (DAWN OF THE EAST) had to admit that vriters in described did not have their own wrinting houses. In the Ukraine, a local writer revealed, "the thest as are a arently in decline" and "Ukrainian films are no longer in existence." In High, Latvia, radio and to broadcasts in Latvian only constitute 15 percent of the total broadcast time. The demands made by the minority nationalities to expound their own histories, develop their own sultures and protect their cultural sites were labelled as manifestations of nationalism. The Soviet authorities even commandeered a famous Georgian historical site near Tbilisi City to serve as an artillery range.

On the diestion of languages, they openly claimed that Russian was the language for the whole Soviet community and in pursuit of this claim, they spare no efforts in obstructing the languages of the national minorities. Nowadays, the number of schools and classes using their own national languages in the Soviet Union is declining. Many schools in the non-Russian national areas are not taught in their own languages at all.

Recommically, the Soviet authorities have developed a logsided colonialist economy in the national minerities areas. As a result, these areas have to depend upon the Russian area. This is yet another attempt by the Seviet bureaucrat memopoly capitalists to control and exploit the people of the national minorities.

In the same message, Breshnev unblushingly bragged, the Soviet Union "resolutely supports those forces still waging a struggle for the equality of all peoples, against racial and national discrimination and against the remaining vestiges of colonialism and racism." On the one hand, he is engaged in oppressing and discriminating against national minorities at home, but on the other hand he is talking glibly about "national equality" and opposing "national discrimination." This shows nothing but his hypocrisy.

NORTH ASIA

JAPANESE TRADE MINISTER KOMOTO CONFERS WITH PRC OFFICIALS

W131255Y Tokyo KYODO in English 1231 GMT 13 Sep 78 OW

[Text] Peking, 13 Sep (KYODO) -- International Trade and Industry Minister Toshio Komoto, currently visiting China, Wednesday conferred with Chinese Deputy Premiers Id Hsien-mien and Kang Shih-en at the National People's Congress Hall in Peking.

At this meeting Deputy Premier Li stated that it was very gratifying that a peace and friendship treaty had been concluded between Japan and China. In an address welcoming Komoto, the first Japanese cabinet minister to visit China after the conclusion of this treaty. [sentence as received]

Li also said that people throughout the world, with some exceptions, were delighted at the opposition to begemenism expressed in the Japan-China treaty.

Komoto announced that he was confident that the treaty would greatly contribute to stability in Asia and the world.

He also expected Japan-China economic exchange to develop further on the basis of this treaty.

PRC. JAPAN TO EXTEND EXISTING TRADE AGREEMENT

OW131857Y Hong Kong AFP in English 1852 GMT 13 Sep 78 OW

[Text] Peking, 13 Sep (AFP) -- China and Japan will extend by five years the trade agreement they signed in February as a result of their peace and friendship treaty concluded last month, visiting Japanese Trade Minister Toshio Komoto announced here today.

The trade agreement signed between the two countries is the largest concluded by China with an industrialised country so far. The agreement provided for a trade volume of \$20,000 million by 1985 but Japan was already China's first economic partner before its signing.

Mr Komoto, who arrived here on Monday for a five-day official visit, had talks with deputy premiers in charge of economic matters Li Hsien-nien and Kang Shih-en.

The Japanese minister said that China had requested Japan's aid to help develop its coalmining industry following difficulties in the production of electricity for industrial needs. Mr Komoto said the two countries agreed to sign a scientific and technological agreement.

The Japanese minister also had talks with officials of the Bank of China to discuss the possible financing of Japanese industrial projects in China.

Mr Komoto and Chinese officials agreed to have regular consultations at ministerial level to review the development of trade between the two countries.

KOMOTO, PRC BANK OFFICIALS DISCUSS FINANCING OF JAPANESE PLANT EXPORTS

OW140059Y Tokyo KYODO in English 0019 GMT 14 Sep 78 OW

[Text] Peking 14 Sep (KYODO) -- The problem of financing plant exports to China was virtually solved Wednesday at a meeting here between International Trade and Industry Minister Toshio Komoto, currently visiting China, and Li Pao-hua, president of the People's Bank of China.

At the meeting which lasted for 2 hours at the People's Bank of China in Peking, Komoto explained Japan's position that it was impossible to reduce the interest rate on the loans to be furnished by the Japan Export-Import Bank to finance plant exports to China to less than 7.25 percent a year.

He said Japan was bound by the gentleman's agreement among member nations of the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) that required the advanced nations to exercise self-restraint in financing exports.

The Chinese side accepted this explanation, making it clear for the first time that China would accept Japan's conditions for commercial credits. China was insisting on a rate of 6 to 7 percent a year. It is expected that the negotiations on plant exports to China will now be accelerated following settlement of the problem of export credits.

Also, a basic agreement was reached on financing of the Chinese projects for development of oil and coal resources by the Japan Export-Import Bank.

Regotiations on details are expected to take place between the Japan Export-Import Bank and the Bank of China toward the end of this month and a final agreement may be reached next month.

PRC CONSIDERS JOINING INDUSTRIAL PROPERTY CONVENTION

OW140051Y Tokyo KYODO in English 0007 GMT 14 Sen 78 OW

[Excerpt] Peking 14 Sep (KYODO) -- China is making a study on its accession to the International Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property signed in Paris in 1883, Toshio Komoto, minister of international trade and industry who is currently visiting Peking, said Wednesday.

He told a press conference that Chinese Foreign Trade Minister Li Chiang had revealed China was making a study on Joining the Paris Convention when he met with Li last Monday.

Observers believe China is making such a study because the handling of patents will pose a problem in the event it inducts latest technology, plants and considers from the U.S. and other advanced countries in the future.

Officials accompanying Komoto on his current trip to China sale that the view is gaining ground among advanced countries that China eventually will join the international convention. They added there is possibility of China joining the invention at an early date.

Japanese industrial circles believe it necessary for China to become a member of the convention in order to promote Japan-China technological exchanges in the future.

An economic mission, led by the late Kogoro Uemura, then president of the Federation of Economic Organizations (Keidanren), had asked China to Join the convention when it visited China in September 1973. Similar requests had been made when a government working-level mission visited China in November 1972.

PLA OFFICIAL, DELEGATION FETED AT TOKYO DINNER

OW131938Y Peking NCNA in English 1950 GMT 13 Sep 78 OW

[Text] Tokyo, 13 Sep (HSINHUA) -- Takehiko Takashina, chairman of the Joint Starr Council of the Self-Defence Forces of Japan, gave a dinner here yesterday evening in honour of Chang Tsai-chien, deputy chief of the General Staff of the Chinese People's Liberation Army (PLA), and his party.

The Chinese guests made a stopover here on their way to Mexico.

In his remarks, Chairman Takashina first expressed his warm welcome to Deputy Chief Chang Tsai-chien. He said, "In the past I had the feeling that China was far away from us. But Deputy Chief Chang has come to Japan after the conclusion of the Japan-China peace and friendship treaty, which has made me feel deeply that China is as near as an arm's length." The Japanese chairman hoped that the exchanges between the Self-Defence Porces and the PLA would increase.

Departy Chief of Commons Staff Common Testentian compressed according through for the veloces accorded by Contrass Teknoline, on said: "We are committeed that motion that is between at will help despen the motion understanding and friendship between the Coince People's Liberation dray and the commons dulf-defence Forces and between the peoples of the two committee. Our star bender Staffers on the Succession for made that Japan and China are meightwaring committee expensed by a strip of rater. To bend as we make represted afforts, the friendly relations between Staffers and Super mild motions and only in our people time but also in the descriptions to your.

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Deputy chief of Common Staff Comma Comischien and his purity named as one on Engineers & and left for Musico this afternoon.

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(Test) Foreign, 15 pm (scitters) == broan Clea, deputy secretary of the Central Committee of the Congress and stairman of the Fernanent Committee of the Congress and the Eugenstein Testing left here for Nanking by appeals plane at most being in the company of We Dile-ye, deputy secretary general of the NFC Stunding Committee.

The delegation arrived here by appealed plane this merning after attending the celebrations of the filth anniversary of the filmpling of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea,

The delication was greated and owen off at Paking signed by Chi Peng-fei, member of two Central Committee of the Chinese Communist Party and vice-shairman of the Standing Committee of the Salional People's Commerce, Present were Yong Yen, souncellor of the Empression Delivery here and Chine Myong-su, Korean unbascador to China.

Arrives to Societies

SWITCHES FERRING NESS IN RESILIES SIZE ONT 13 Sep 77 OF

(Yest) making, 15 Sep (miltors) -- The Companion People's Congress delegation led by man firm, deputy searching of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of Kampuches and stairmen at the Permanent Committee of the Kampuchess People's Congress, arrived new from Youking by special plane told afternoon in the company of Wa Main-ya, deputy angulary general of the Standing Committee of the Column National People's Congress.

They eare markly evidenced by Nice Thieston, needed of the Control Committee of the Sinces Committee and chairman of the Sinces Provincial Committee and chairman of the Sinces Provincial Committee and Vice-chairman of the provincial revolutionary committee; Then Sometime, Vice-chairman of the provincial revolutionary committee; How Panchese, Standing Committee member of the Kinges provincial party committee; Since Vice-chairman of the Singes Provincial Committee of the Chinese People's Political Committee Conference; and Vang Chu-pin, second scaretary of the COP Namelia City Committee and Vice-chairman of the city revolutionary committee.

This evening, the Kampushean delegation was honoured at a banquet given in the name of the Kinges Provincial Revolutionary Conmittee.

Speaking of the banquet, Commade Hau Chia-tun said that the people of the province had been greatly inspired by the visit of the Kampushean party and government delegation let by Kampushean party Central Committee Searctary Pol Pot last October. "The visit of the Kampushean People's Congress delegation led by Chairman Nuon Ches has provided us with another good shance to learn from our Kampushean commades," he said.

In reply, hairman Nuon them said that the warm welcome and cordial reception accorded to the delegation by the Kiangsu people, and the provincial and city party committees were unother illustration of the revolutionary fraternal feelings of the Chinese people for the Kaspushean people. He went on to say that the friendship between the Chinese and Kaspushean people, which had existed for centuries through thick and thin, would be cansulded and developed with each passing day.

At the end of the banquet, hosts and guests watched a song and dame performance presented by the city's children.

This oftenoon, Chairman Nuon Chea and other Kampuchean comrades visited the Yangtse River Bridge at Namking and the Manking satellite earth station and saw scenic spots on the eastern outskirts.

BURUTUS PORFION MINISTER MYING MAUNG MEETS TENG YING-CHAO

OWIST 40Y Foring MUNA in English 1515 UMT 13 Sep 78 OW

[Text] Feking, 15 Sep (MSINHUA) -- Teng Ying-shao, vice-chairman of the Standing Committee of the National People's Congress, met and had a cordial and friendly conversation here this afternoon with Brigadier General Myint Maung, Burmese minister of foreign affairs, and his party. Burmese Ambassador to China U The Tun was present.

Also present were Vice-Foreign Minister Han Nien-lung, and Department Director Shen Ping and Department Director Liu Hus of the Chinese Foreign Ministry.

Meets Li Haien-nien

OWINDSOLV Teking NOWA in English 0700 GMT 14 Sep 78 OW

[Text] Peking, 14 Sep (HSIMMUA) -- Li Hsien-nien, vice-premier of the State Council, met and had a warm and friendly conversation with Brigadier General Myint Maung, Burmese foreign minister, and his party here this morning. Directe Ashassador to China U Tha Tun was present. Also present was Chinese Vice-Foreign Minister Hon Wish-lung.

LIAO CHENG -CHIN MEETS THAT BUNINESS DELEGATION

Owining Pealing Nove in English 2124 der 11 dep 78 ow

[Text] Peking. 11 Sep (HS EMBUA) -- Liao Cheng-chih. vice - chairman of the Standing Committee of the National People's Congress, set and had a cordial and friendly conversation with the second delegation of the Chinese Chamber of Commerce of Thailand led by Toessak Tanzchettanaphon here this afternoon.

Present on the occasion were Wang Yao-ting and Li Chuan, chairman and vice-chairman of the China Council for the Promotion of International Trade; and Lien Kuan, deputy director of the Office of Overseas Chinese Affairs under the State Council.

Wang Jun sheng, vice minister of foreign trade, also met the delegation today. The delegation will soon leave here to visit southern China before going home.

EUROPE

YUGOSLAV STATE -PARTY DELEGATION VISITS MAO'S REMAINS

OW131620Y Peking NCNA in English 1502 OMT 13 Sep 78 OW

[Text] Peking, 13 Sep (HEINHUA) - Cvije in Mijatovic, member of the Presidency of the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia and member of the Presidency of the Central Committee of the League of Communists of Yugoslavia, and the Yugoslav state and party delegation he is leading paid their respects to the remains of Chairman Mao Tsetung and laid a wreath before his statue in the Chairman Mao Memorial Hall here this morning. They were accompanied by Yu Chan, vice minister of foreign affairs.

YUGOSLAV ARMY DELEGATION DEPARTS FOR CANTON

OW151940Y Peking NCNA in English 1934 GMT 13 Sep 78 OW

[Text] Hangchow, 13 Sep (HSINHUA) -- The Yugoslav People's Army delegation led by General S. Potocar, member of the Central Committee of the League of Communists of Yugoslavia and chief of the General Staff of the Yugoslav People's Army, left here for Canton by special plane this afternoon.

The Yugoslav comrades arrived here fro. Shanghai by special plane yesterday afternoon in the company of Yang Yung, member of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China and deputy chief of the General Staff of the Chinese People's Liberation Army.

Kuan Chun-ting, commander of the Chekiang Provincial Military Command of the PLA gave a banquet in honour of the delegation yesterday evening.

General Potocar, his wife and other Yugoslav guests saw scenic spots and places of historical interest around West Lake today.

Upon their arrival in and departure from Hangehow, Yugoslav commander were greeted and seen off at the airport by Commander Kuan Chun-ting, Deputy Commander Chung Haien-wen and Deputy Political Commissar Sun Chao-hau.

PRO ENVOY RECEIVED BY SPRY ASSEMBLY PRESIDENT

OW131737Y Peking NCNA in English 1717 OMT 13 Sep 78 OM

[Text] Belgrade, 15 Sept (MSINHUA) -- Dragoslav Markovic, president of the Assembly of the Socialis: Federal Republic of Yugoslavia, received Chinese Ambassador to Yugoslavia Chou Chiu-yeh here today. They had a cordial and friendly conversation.

During the conversation, President Markovic warmly praised the fruitful results made by Chairman Hua Kuc-feng in his visit to Yugoslavia and pledged to work for the further development of the relations of friendship and cooperation between Yugoslavia and China.

ROMANIA'S MANESCU VISITS PEKING, MET BY LI HS IEN -NIEN

OW140326Y Peking NCNA in English 0736 GMT 14 Sep 78 OW

Committee of the Central Committee of the Romanian Communist Party and prime minister of the Government of the Socialist Republic of Romania, and his party arrived here by special plane at noon today, after taking part in the celebrations of the 30th anniversary of the founding of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea. The Romanian guests were welcomed at the airport by Li Hsien-nien, vice-chairman of the Central Committee of the Chinese Communist Party and vice-premier of the State Council; Yu Chan, vice-minister of foreign affairs, and Wang Tao-han, vice-minister of economic relations with foreign countries. Also present at the airport were Romanian Ambassador to China Florea Dumitrescu, and Korean Ambassador to China Chon Myong-su.

Received by Chen Mu-Hua

CV141250Y Peking NCNA in English 1225 GMT 14 Sep 78 OW

[Text] Peking, 14 Sep (HSINHUA) -- Chen Mu-hua, alternate member of the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China and vice-premier of the State Council, had a cordial and friendly meeting with Manea Manescu, member of the Executive Political Committee of the Central Committee of the Romanian Communist Party and prime minister of the government, here this afternoon.

Attending the meeting were: Florea Dumitrescu, member of the Central Committee of the Romanian Communist Party and Romanian ambassador to China; Nicolae Communist, member of the Central Committee of the Romanian Communist Party and first secretary of the Galati County party committee, and Ignat Alexandru, advisor to the prime minister; and Ku Ming, Chinese vice-minister of the State Planning Commission; Yu Chan, vice-foreign minister, and Chen Chieh, vice-minister of foreign trade.

CHAUSESCU STRESSES RIGHT TO NATIONAL SOVEREIGNTY

OW121648Y Peking NC: English 1525 GMT 12 Sep 78 OW

[Text] Bucharest, 11 dep (HSINHUA) -- "National independence and liberty constitute the basic essential elements for the life of the people of every state.

The defence of independence and liberty by every state and nation constitutes the basic essential element for social progress and peace," said Romanian President Nicolae Ceausescu in an interview with the French paper LE FIGARO on August 30, according to press reports here.

Referring to the significance of Chairman Hua Kuo-feng's visit to Romania, President Causescu said: "This visit was within the framework of normal activities in international life and also the outcome of good relations between Romania and China. In view of the first visit to Romania made by a leader of People's China, this visit stood out as a notable episode--we called it--historic, in the relations between our two countries."

He added: "This visit offered us an opportunity to exchange bread views on the various aspects of international life. In view of this, this visit had saught the close attention of public opinion the world over." He noted: "The visit was paid at such a time when the People's Republic of China had worked out a new policy of rapidly developing the national socialist economy and actively participating in international affairs—this represents an important factor in the development of the present-day world."

Dwelling on the normalization of Sino-American relations, President Ceausescu said:
"We support the normalization of relations among all countries." "We always hold that
normalization of relations among various countries is an objective which brooks no delay
for realization but this objective should not be realized at the expense of other
countries. On the contrary, the normalization of relations and the development of
relations among various countries, particularly among the big powers, should contribute
to the assertion of the principles of equality and respect for the independence and
sovereignty of various countries, and lead to the elimination of force or threat in
international life," the Romanian president stressed.

He deemed it necessary to "seek cooperation and understanding among nations and at the same time, respect the system and political concept of every country and the right of the peoples to freely choose their road of development without any outside interference."

He pointed out: "National independence and liberty constitute the basic essential elements for the life of the people of every state. The defence of independence and liberty by every state and every nation constitutes the basic essential element for social progress and peace. It is particularly so in the present-day world."

On French President Valery Giscard d'Estaing's forthcoming visit to Romania, President Ceausescu said: We want to point out with immense satisfaction that the relations between Romania and France are, generally speaking, good." He continued: "We are earnestly looking forward to President Giscard's visit. We hold that President Giscard's visit will bring a new leap forward in the relations between our two countries and open new prospects for expanding Romanian-French cooperation in all fields."

on September 5 ROMANIAN NEWS published a signed article entitled "Arguments for a New World Order." The article states, "Without the eradication of old relations of inequality on a political plane, there cannot exist a new order on an economic plane, very much as one cannot speak of detente and security without justice and equality among countries in the economic field. Thus, the new world order has both an economic facet and a political one at the same time. From a political point of view, the new order implies everybody's observance of and respect for the principles of national independence and sovereignty, full equality of rights, non-interference in each other's internal affairs, renunciation of threat or use of force and mutual advantage."

Referring to the slow development of the developing countries, the article points out, "One of the causes of that situation is the tendency of the developed capitalist countries to impose their points of view in order to preserve the dominant position they hold on an economic plane. Even certain socialist countries remained aloof from their proper concern to eradicate underdevelopment and set up a new international economic order. They consider that such questions only concern the former colonialist countries which, therefore, are obligated to contribute to their solution. Of late, that attitude has changed, but only so a certain extent."

"Of course," the article says, "overcoming underdevelopment is, in the first place, the task of the Third World countries, their own efforts being the essential factor." But, "within the various concrete forms of cooperation, the advanced states can and must support the efforts of the developing countries, through increased technical and financial assistance and preferential treatment."

Another article entitled "New-Type Unity: Solidarity Among Equals," published in ROMANIAN NEWS on the same day says, "The Romanian Communist Party stresses the fact that the growth of the revolutionary struggle calls for permanent and strong links among communists and among democratic and progressive forces everywhere. These relations must be entered upon ireely, accommodating a wide exchange of opinions, without intending to impose a certain point of view on a party or movement."

ROMANIAN OFFICIAL RECEIVES PRC RAILWAYS MINISTER

OW131100Y Peking NCNA in English 0736 GMT 13 Sep 78 OW

[Text] Bucharest, 13 Sep (HSINHUA) -- Ion Ionita, member of the Executive Political Committee of the Central Committee of the Romanian Communist Party and deputy prime minister of the Romanian Government, received yesterday Tuan Chun-i, Chinese minister of railways, and chief member of the Chinese railway delegation led by him.

I. Ionita expressed warm welcome to the Chinese railways delegation and acquainted the delegation with the state of railway transport in Romania. He stressed the friendly ties between the railway departments of the two countries and wished to see more activities in mutual study and cooperation in the future.

Traian Dudas, Romanian minister of transport and telecommunications, and Li Ting-chuan, Chinese ambassador to Romania, were present at the reception. The reception proceeded in a friendly and cordial atmosphere.

Delegation Departs

OW132300Y Peking NCNA in English 2214 GMT 13 Sep 78 OW

[Text] Bucharest, 13 Sep (HSINHUA) -- The Chinese railway delegation led by Tuan Chun-i, minister of railways, left here for home today, after concluding a visit to Romania.

Seeing the delegation off at the airport were: Traian Dudas, minister of transport and telecommunications of Romania, and Li Ting-chuan, Chinese ambassador to Romania.

The delegation arrived here for a friendly visit soon after the meeting between the leaders of the two countries. It received warm welcome and friendly reception from Leading officials of the Ministry of Transport and Telecommunications and railway workers.

During the visit, the delegation toured a number of railway departments, factories, enterprises and research institutions. It also had talks with leading officials of the Ministry of Transport and Telecommunications and railway specialists, exchanged experiences and promoted friendship.

Li Ting-chuan gave a dinner for the delegation yesterday evening.

FIRST TRADE DELEGATION TO IRISH REPUBLIC ARRIVES 11 SEPTEMBER

OW121632Y Peking NCNA in English 1505 GMT 12 Sep 78 OW

[Text] Dublin, 11 Sep (HSINHUA) -- A delegation of the China Council for the Promotion of International Trade headed by Ma Yun-han, vice president of the council, arrived here today for a five-day visit to the Republic of Ireland.

Ma Yun han and his company met today Raphal Burke, minister of state of the Irish Department of Industry, Commerce and Energy, and had a friendly talk with him. James P. Godfrey, deputy secretary of the department and chairman of the Irish Export Board, was present on the occasion.

On the same day the Chinese delegation also had separate meetings with responsible men from the Irish industry and commercial circles.

In a statement to the Irish press, Ma Yun-han said that the delegation is the first trade mission of the People's Republic of China to the Irish Republic. The primary objective of the visit was to explore possibilities of extending further trade between the two countries and to promote mutual understanding and friendship.

MIDDLE EAST & AFRICA

PEOPLE'S DAILY WELCOMES TANZANIAN PRIME MINISTER

CW111708Y Peking NCNA in English 1641 GMT 11 Sep 78 OW

[Text] Peking, 11 Sep (HSINHUA) -- The PEOPLE'S DAILY in an editorial on September 12 warmly welcomes the visit to China of Tanzanian Prime Minister Edward Moringe Solvine. It reads in full:

Edward Moringe Sokoine, prime minister of the United Republic of Tanzania, is due to arrive in Peking today on an official visit to China. Coming from afar, Prime Minister Sokoine brings to the Chinese people the precious friendship of the Tanzanian people. We take great joy in extending a cordial welcome to the distinguished Tanzanian guest.

Tanzania came into being in the struggle against imperialism. The industrious and valiant Tanzanian people, under the leadership of President Nyerere, have carried forward the glorious tradition of fighting against imperialism and colonialism and made important achievements in their unremitting struggles to safeguard national independence and state sovereignty and restore and develop the national economy and culture. Tanzania follows a policy of non-alignment, firmly opposes imperialism, colonialism and racism and works hard for the unity and unification of Africa. As one of the frontier nations supporting the national liberation movements in southern Africa, it gives active support to the people of Zimbabwe, Namibia and Azania in their struggle against racist regimes and for national independence.

It advocates establishment of a peace zone in the Indian Ocean and opposes contention and establishment of military bases in the area by any foreign military force; it opposes the old international economic order and calls for the establishment of a new one. All these are good contributions to the efforts of Africa and the Third World as a whole for unity against imperialism, colonialism and hegemonism.

The great people of Africa have strengthened their unity and won victory after victory in their struggle against imperialism, colonialism, racism and hegemonism. Supported by the Organization of African Unity and the frontier nations in Africa, the struggle of the peoples of Zimbabwe, Nemibia and Azania against racist rule and for national liberation is going deeper, dealing heavy blows to the reactionary Vorster and Smith regimes. Although the racist regimes are still playing tricks to continue their obstinate resistance, the African people have already firmly taken the initiative in this struggle. However, people are concerned about the growing scramble between the superpowers in Africa which is threatening the independence and security of the African countries. The newly rising superpower is especially active in interfering in the internal affairs of Africa. It is carrying out sabotage and intervention in every possible way and even riding roughshed like overlords in Africa ty organizing and sending mercenary troops there. The great African people have awakened. They will never allow foreign forces to ride roughshod over them again. We are firmly convinced that by strengthening their unity, relying on their own strength and persisting in struggle, the people of Africa will be able to block the wild ambition of the superpowers for hegemony, destroy the last strongholds of colonialism and racism in Africa and win complete independence and emancipation for the whole of Africa.

China and Tanzania are friendly countries. The exchange of friendship visits between their leaders after the establishment of diplomatic relations has promoted the consolidation and development of friendly relations and cooperation between both countries and the traditional friendship between both peoples. The current visit to China by Prime Minister Sokoine and other distinguished guests from Tanzania will be a new contribution to promoting the friendly relations and cooperation between both countries and friendship between the two peoples.

TENG MEETS TANZANIAN PRIME MINISTER IN PYONGYANG

OW111855Y Peking NCNA in English 1848 GMT 11 Sep 78 OW

[Text] Pyongyang, 11 Sep (HSINHUA) -- Teng Hsiao-ping, vice-chairman of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China, vice-premier of the State Council and leader of the Chinese party and government delegation, met here this evening Edward Sokolne, prime minister of Tanzania. They had a friendly conversation.

Fresent on the Chinese side were Peng Chung, deputy leader, and Huang Hua and Lu Chin-hsien, members, of the Chinese party and government delegation. Mohamed Ali Foum, Tanzanian junior minister for foreign affairs, and others, were also present on the occasion.

HUA, OTHERS GREET TANZANIAN PRIME MINISTER ON ARRIVAL

OW120720Y Peking NCNA in English 0700 GMT 12 Sep 78 OW

[Text] Peking, 12 Sep (HSINHUA) -- Edward Moringe Sokoine, prime minister of the United Republic of Tanzania, arrived here from Pyongyang by special plane this morning for an official visit to China at the invitation of the Chinese Government, and was given a warm welcome.

Hua Kuo-feng, chairman of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China and premier of the State Council; Li Hsien-nien and Chen Mu-hua, vice-premiers of the State Council, and several thousand people in the Chinese capital greeted Prime Minister Sokoine and the other distinguished Tanzanian guests at the airport.

Prime Minister Sokoire has visited China on several occasions. With a cordial handshake with him at the planeside, Chairman Hua extended a warm welcome to the prime minister on visiting China once again.

Among those accompanying Prime Minister Sokoine on the visit are N.A. Kuhanga, minister of national education; L. Gama, regional commissioner of Ruvuma; M.A. Foum, junior foreign minister, and other government officials.

A grand welcoming ceremony was held at the airport which flew the national flags of China and Tanzania. The band played the national anthems of Tanzania and China. Accompanied by Chairman Hua, Prime Minister Sokoine reviewed a guard of honour composed of men of the ground, naval and air forces of the Chinese People's Liberation Army. As Prime Minister Sokoine and the other Tanzanian guests walked round to meet the brightly-costumed welcoming crowd, young people performed dances of welcome to gay music. The well-wishers waved flowers and multi-coloured ribbons to express the sentiments of the Chinese people to the friendship envoys from the African Continent. The prime minister repeatedly waved to the crowd in acknowledgement.

The main streets in the city proper today were decorated with colourful bunting. From call buildings trailed huge welcoming streamers inscribed with the slogans: "Firmly Support the Tanzanian People In Their Just Struggle for Safeguarding National Independence and State Sovereignty!" "Resolutely Support the Third World Countries and Peoples in Their Just Struggle of Unity Against Hegemonism!" and "Long Live the Friendship Between the Peoples of China and Tanzania!"

Also present at the airport were Chang Hai-feng, vice-foreign minister; Cheng Fei, vice-minister of economic relations with foreign countries; Hao Chung-shih, vice-minister of agriculture and forestry, and Wu Po, leading member of the Ministry of Finance.

Tanzanian Ambassador to China Job M. Lusinde arrived by the same plane.

Present at the airport were G. Tunze, charge d'affaires ad interim of the Tanzanian Embassy, Mrs. Lusinde, other embassy officials and diplomatic envoys of various other countries.

LI HSIEN-NIEN HOLDS TALKS WITH PRIME MINISTER SOKOINE

OW121348Y Peking NCNA in English 1237 GMT 12 Sep 78 OW

[Text] Peking, 12 Sep (HSINHUA) -- Chinese Vice-Premier Li Hsien-nien held talks with Tanzanian Prime Minister Edward Moringe Sokoine here this afternoon. Taking part in the talks on the Tanzanian side were N.A. Kuhanga, minister of national education; L. Gama, regional commissioner of Ruvuma; M.A. Foum, junior foreign minister; Job M. Lusinde, ambassador to China; H.B. Mkali, Mbunge (member of Parliament) of Rufiji; H. Kolimba, principal secretary of the Prime Minister's Office.

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in this regard, the People's Depublic of China through her courageous and dynamic policies has played a substantial just to tilt the world relations towards a path of Justice and Chinameter. These who are not afraid of the truth can not fail to acknowledge the positive Chinameter through the dangers of super-power domination of other countries.

Dum Vice-Prenier.

The struggle for international political justice is part and parcel of the struggle for international economic justice. The question of economic justice is currently a matter of great concern to us all in our international relations.

over the recent decade, we have noticed how the ever-widening map between the developed and developing countries is constantly rising in favour of the already rich nations. Due to the existing legalded international trade atructure the developing countries continue to be robbed of the just fruits of their labour.

An effective arrest of such a situation demands a massive solidarity of the poor and the nisterically exploited people in dismantling the present colonial and imperialist economic order, and its replacement by a just system of a new international economic order.

Mium Vice-Frender,

it is a pleasure and recreating to visit China, a country which has done and continues to do so such in the struggle for justice in the world. Indeed for Africa, the People's Republic of China has the right to share whatever honour there is for the success in the struggle against colonialism.

rack in 1964, the late Premier Chou En-lai declared while visiting Africa that Africa is ripe for a revolution. This correct statement sent a wave of shock in imperialist circles. But events since then have demonstrated the correctness of this assessment.

The revolution has now reached the citagel of injustice and racism in southern Africa. The liberation battles are continuing with ferecity in Zimbabwe, Mamibia and in South Africa itself, the days of the colonial and racist regimes in southern Africa are clearly numbered. The writing on the wall is clear.

farmania's commitment to the freedom struggle in Africa against colonialism and racism will continue till the final collapse and disintegration of the white minority racist regimes in southern Africa. To this end, Tanzania and Africa knows that she can continue to count on chips's material and moral support to the liberation forces in southern Africa.

The liberation of southern Africa is Tansania's and Africa's principal objective for the time being. To Africa, imperialism, colonialism and neo-colonialism is like a snake in the house. Africa's first and foremost task is to kill it. Her crucial long term objective is to consolidate and maintain her hard worn independence and the unity of the continent.

In the history of the struggle for African liberation there has been unfortunately expressions of doubt from both the west and the East about the nature and result of the African liberation struggle.

Africa wants to be Africa -- free to determine the destiny of her own peoples without outside interference. She is not kicking out Western imperialism in order to invite other new masters. Africa will not atomach new oppressors whichever direction they may come from. Africa wants to be free! We ask all friends to understand and help us.

Musu Vice-Premier,

In this struggle for African freedom, the receptor's Republic of China has played a welcome role by supporting the forces of liberation. On behalf of Tanzania, I wish today to publicly express the gratitude and appreciation of the African people for the unstinted support and material assistance in the Just cause of the African people given by the People's Republic of China. This fact will remain a living example of the solidarity of the struggling peoples of the world. Tanzania salutes China for her great contribution in the continuing struggle to decelonize Africa.

Ndugu Vice - Promier.

In the Middle East, Israell intransigence and continued denial of the people of Palestine of their legitimate right remains the major source of conflict and threat to international peace and security. Tanzania fully supports the just cause of the Palestinian people for the acquisition of their legitimate rights to their homeland. At the same time Tanzania fully supports the Arab people in their struggle for the liberation of the occupied territories.

Tanzania therefore has always condemned the Israell aggressive policies, the continued denial of the Palestinian people's legitimate rights. We equally, vehemently condemn Israeli continued occupation of Arab territories.

As for bilateral relations, Tanzania and China are as close as ever since our President Mwalimu J.K. Nyerere paid his first official visit here in 1965. On most international issues our position is the same. We have both spoken with the same voice on issues relating to the Middle East and UN declaration designating the Indian Ocean as a zone of peace.

On Taiwan, we support and will continue to support your determination to liberate Taiwan. We both do not he sitate to voice our concern against the world imperialism and super-power intrigues in international relations.

The People's Republic of China has shown that it is possible for nations to fulfill their internationalist duty of giving aid to promote the development of poor countries without domaining or expecting to become new everlords over them.

The Chinese construction of the Tanzania-Zambia Railway--Tazara, is an outstanding example in point. Tazara is a project of a special status in Africa and in the world of aid being given by one country to another in a pure spirit of goodwill and mutual benefit. Tazara is a gigantic monument of Chinese generosity and of Chinese technical competence in Africa. It will remain so for many generations to come.

Tazara has played an important part in various ways in the economic development of Zambia and Tanzania. Also with the construction of Tazara the Republic of Zambia has obtained another sea route and can no longer be blackmailed by the radist regimes in southern Africa which used to provide her traditional routes to the sea.

Taxarc is in addition a concrete achievement towards the desired goal of African unity by facilitating communication between a large group of African countries in East and Central Africa. The status of Tazara is a victory for co-operation between Third World countries.

To us in Tanzania the People's Republic of China is a true and trusted friend indeed. There is in Tanzania a deep and warm affection by our people and indeed by the party and government towards the People's Republic of China and its people. This situation has stemmed from not only the Chinese contribution towards the liberation of southern Africa but also from growing economic co-operation and the fruits of such co-operation between our two countries.

Chinese economic aid to Tanzania has tackled the basic obstacles that hinder progress through projects such as the construction of the Tanzania-Zambia Railway. Or else it has been directed to importing to our country relevant technology which strengthen our economic base.

Such is the case with the friendship textile mill and the agricultural implements factory built in Dar Es Salaam. Such also is the case with the popularization agriculture centres. In Tanzania established by aid from China and manned by Chinese expert personnel. Our people have greatly benefited by learning modern agricultural techniques at these centres.

Ndugu Vice-Premier.

Talking about your country, I am unable to resist offering public praise to Chinese experts who have worked in Tanzania. They have always been disciplined, dedicated and dependable. They have indeed helped to cement the relations between our two countries not only by their dedication, but also by living among them in poor and simple environment.

In economic co-operation, there is an outstanding principle about economic aid given by China to other Third World countries -- a principle which even the capitalists and imperialists have been forced reluctantly to admit. Chinese aid has not been tied to conditions with the aim of obtaining from the recepient country political or economic advantage.

Many poor countries have suffered heavily by accepting aid from developed countries who have demanded high political and economic price for such aid. Tanzania pays a high tribute to the People's Republic of China for her policies of economic cooperation which ought to provide example to the entire community of nations in the world.

Ndugu Vice-Premier.

Finally, I would like to take this opportunity to thank you, Your Excellency, most sincerely your generous remarks about my President Mwalimu J.K. Nyerere and about my country.

Lour kind observations are most heartening and a source of great encouragement to us.

I will certainly convey with pleasure Your Excellency's message and remarks to my president, the government and the people of the United Republic of Tanzania on returning home.

Once again, I wish to thank you, Ndugu Vice-Premier for the warm hospitality which you have extended to me and my delegation.

I now have much pleasure in asking all friends and guests to join me in a toast to drink:

- Fig everlasting friendship between the People's Republic of China and the United Republic of Tanzania.
- -- To the health of Chairman Hua Kuo-feng,
- -- To the health of Your Excellency Vice-Premier Li Hsien-nien,
- **To the health of all heads of diplomatic missions and their wives,
- -- To the health of all friends and comrades present here, and
- -- To world peace.

NATIONAL AFFAIRS

FIFTH MPC STANDING COMMITTEE ASSESSES HUA'S WORLD TOUR

W131658Y Peking NCNA in English 1635 GMT 13 Sep 78 OW

[Text] Peking, 13 Sep (HSINHUA) -- The Standing Committee of the Fifth National People's Congress held its fourth session today to hear a report by Vice-Fremier Chi Teng-kuei on Chairman Hua Kuo-feng's visit to Romania, Yugoslavia and Iran. After the report, Yeh Chien-ying, chairman of the NPC Standing Committee, who presided, made an important speech.

Chairman Yeh said: "Vice-Premier Chi has made a very good report. I entirely agree With him." Chairman Hua's recent visit to Romania, Yugoslavia and Iran and the signing of the Sino-Japanese treaty of peace and friendship, he said, constituted a heavy blow to the hegemonist moves of the Soviet leading clique and were warmly welcomed and supported by the people of the world. The Soviet authorities! fury only showed their hegemonism. Chairman Hua's visit to these three countries, and other comrades! trips abroad, gave China a mirror with which to see her own good points which should be developed, and weak points that need to be strengthened or shortcomings to be overcome. He continued: "During his life time, Chairman Mao told us not to be conceited and not to shut the door on other countries. We should pay serious attention to learning the good points of other countries and absorb or learn their good experience. This extremely necessary for speeding up our construction.

Yeh Chien-ying said that the party Central Committee headed by the wise leader Chairman Hua had brought about an excellent situation of stability and unity by smashing the bane of the country, the gang of four, at one blow. This provided modernizations within this century. Since the smathing of the gang, the party Central Committee headed by Chairman Hua had wen a great victory in running the country by grasping the key link of class struggle. The whole party, the whole army and Chinese people of all nationalities should unite, and should treasure the present excellent situation of stability and unity. "One should do and say what is good for unity and not what isn't, so as to further consolidate and develop this excellent situation of stability and unity and to speed the making of China into a powerful socialist state with modernized industry, agriculture, science and technique and national defence. "

The meeting was attended by Vice-Chairmen Soong Ching-ling, Ulanfu, Wu Te, Wei Kuo-ching, Tan Chen-lin, Li Ching-chuan, Teng Ying-chao, Saifudin, Liao Cheng-chih, Chi Peng-fei, Ngapo Ngawang-jigme, Chou Chien-jen and Hsu Te-heng. Also present were Vice-Premiers Keng Piac and Wang Chen; Huang Huo-ching, chief procurator of the Supreme People's Procuratorate; Sung Jen-chiung, Shen Yen-ping, Wang Shou-tac, Yang Ching-jen and Chang Chung, vice-chairmen of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference.

Leading members of various departments of the Central Committee of the Chinese Communist Party, the ministries and commissions of the State Council, PLA general departments. various arms and services and members of the Standing Committee of the CPPCC in Peking were also present.

Vice-Premier Chi Teng-kuei pointed out in his report that Chairman Hua Kuo-feng's visit abroad was the first paid by our highest party and state leader to European countries since Chairman Mac visited the Soviet Union in 1957. It was also the first visit of our top leaders to Romania, Yugoslavia and Iran since the founding of new China. These three countries all attached great importance to Chairman Huals visit and gave him grand receptions, with warmth and friendship. The 17-day visit was a complete success.

Chairman Hua's visit abroad drew great attention internationally, he said, and world opinion was generally favourable. The exception was the Soviet Union. It flew into a rage, hurling abuse and sticking its oar in everywhere as though any contacts among states or any deeds or utterances that other countries might engage in without Soviet approval were unheard-of outrages. This arrogant stand, however, only revealed them in its true features as hegemonist.

Vice-Premier Ohl Teng-kuei said: "During the visit, Chairman Hua held formal talks with the leaders of the three countries and also met with them alone. Our talks were conducted in a spirit of complete equality and mutual respect, in a friendly atmosphere and with candour and sincerity. During the talks, we informed each other of the internal situation, traded experience in construction and exchanged views on international issues of common interest, especially concerning the maintenance of world peace, safeguarding national independence and security, opposing imperialists, colonialists and hegemonists and their policies of aggression and war. The principal aspect of the talks was consensus on a series of major issues. While views differed on certain questions, this does not hamper the growth of ties of friendly cooperation among us. The three countries all appreciated the stable political situation in our country. The line and policies of the party Central Committee headed by Chairman Hua are correct."

"With the leaders of the three countries, we reviewed with satisfaction the development of our bilateral relations and unanimously agreed that measures would be taken to further develop many-sided bilateral relations of friendly cooperation. With Romania and Yugo-slavia, we stressed in particular the need to develop party relations and to continue to support the revolutionary struggles of the oppressed nations and peoples. Chairman Hua invited President Ceausescu, President Tito, and His Majesty Shah Pahlavi and her majesty the queen to visit China and they accepted the invitations with pleasure. Our talks were very fruitful and both parties were well pleased."

"We have held talks with Romania, Yugoslavia and Iran on economic, scientific and technical cooperation, signed a number of agreements and won positive results," he added.

The vice-premier emphasized that Chairman Hua's visit enhanced the friendship between the Chinese people and the people of the three countries, promoted our friendly relations of cooperation with them, and opened a new chapter in the annals of our friendly relations with the three countries.

In conclusion, he said: "Going along with Chairman Hua on the visit, we noted that China is behind these countries in economic development and technique, and that the Chinese people's living standards are also lower than theirs. We also learned that it only tack these countries a little more than a dozen years to develop their national economies that we are all the more confident of building our country into a modern, powerful socialist state within this century. We admit our backwardness but will not be reconciled to it. We must catch up. We are confident of reaching our goal so long as the people of all nationalities in our country rally closely round the party Central Committee headed by Chairman Hua, hold high the great banner of Chairman Mao, resolutely implement the line of the 11th party congress, carry the struggle to criticise the gang of four through to the end, further consolidate and develop the excellent situation of stability and unity, overcome all difficulties and work hard."

In their group discussions, the members present were unanimous in support of Chairman Mia's recent visit and his activities during the visit. They also supported Chairman Yeh and vice-Premier Chi Teng-kuei's report.

They said that the wise leader Chairman Hua visited Romania, Yugoslavia and Iran after the signing of the Sino-Japanese peace and friendship treaty and won such a tremendous success. This visit was of great historic significance and was praised by the people the world over. The violent attacks by the Soviet social-imperialism could only serve to fully expose its ugly feature as hegemonism before the people of the world. The members considered that though China had some success in experience in socialist revolution and construction in the past 28 years, but it was far from enough to meet the requirements of the four modernizations. It was also necessary to learn and make use of the advanced techniques and experience of other countries. "Chairman Hua's visit has set an example to us and strengthened our confidence," they said.

They said that Chairman Yeh Chien-ying's call to treasure the present excellent situation of stability and unity was very important. Without a situation of stability and unity, it would be impossible to speed up the four modernizations, they said. They pledged that in the present excellent situation in which all people desire order, the stability and unity and the four modernizations, they would do their best to study and cherish the unity, work hard, rally closely around the party Central Committee headed by Chairman Hua and contribute their share to the realization of the four modernizations at an early date.

TENG HSIAO-PING, DELEGATION RETURN TO CHINA FROM DPRK

OW131716Y Peking NCNA in English 1700 GMT 13 Sep 78 OW

[Text] Shenyang, 15 Sep (HSTNHUA) -- The Chinese party and government delegation with Teng Hsiao-ping, vice-chairman of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China and vice-premier of the State Council, as leader and Peng Chung, member of the Political Bureau of the CCP Central Committee, third secretary of the Shanghai Municipal CCP Committee and second vice-chairman of the Shanghai Municipal Revolutionary Committee, as deputy leader returned here by special train today after attending celebration activities of the 30th anniversary of the founding of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

When the delegation arrived at the Chinese border city of Tanung this afternoon, they were greeted by Li Te-sheng, member of the Political Eureau of the CCP Central Committee and commander of the Shenyang units of the Chinese Feople's Liberation Army; Tseng Shao-shan, first secretary of the Liaoning provincial party committee, chairman of the provincial revolutionary committee and political commissar of the PLA Shenyang units; Jen Ching-i, second secretary of the provincial party committee and vice-chairman of the provincial revolutionary committee; as well as leading members of the Tantung City party and revolutionary committees. After a short stop-over, the delegation left Tantung by special train in the company of Comrade Li Te-sheng and other comrades.

Greeting the delegation at the Shenyang railway station were leading members of the Liaoning provincial party and revolutionary committees, the FLA Shenyang units and the Shenyang city party and revolutionary committees.

TAIPET ARTICLE SEES CHAO TEU-YANG AS TENG'S SUCCESSOR

OW151036Y Hong Kong AFP in English 0710 GMT 13 Sep 78 OW

[Text] Taipei, 13 Sep (ADP) -- Vice Premier Teng Hsiac-ping, whose pragmatic policy seems to dominate Chinese Communist politics, has selected a successor, it was reported here today.

The idea of selecting a successor was prompted by Mr Teng's advancing age (74) which has caused fear among his followers about lack of protection in implementing his policies after he leaves, an article in the mass circulation UNITED DAILY claimed.

Author of the article, Mr Liang Ching-sung, a China watcher in Hong Kong, pinpointed Mr Teng's successor as Mr Chao Tzu-yang (approaching 60), first party secretary and director of the Revolutionary Committee of Szechwan Province, who had recently accompanied Chairman Hua Kuo-feng on a trip to Romainia, Yugoslavia and Iran. The inclusion of Mr Chao, merely a provincial cadre, in Chairman Hua's entourage on the East European and Middle East trip has caused raised eyebrows among specialists in Chinese Communist affairs, Mr Liang said. The article indicated that it would be a matter of time before Mr Chao receives a position in the central government. He is presently an alternate member of the Politburo and vice chairman of the Political Consultative Conference.

Mr Chao is said to have faithfully carried out Mr Teng's policies in Szechwan. He was been extremely enthusiastic in revamping the party organization, enhanching rural economy, reversing old cases and liquidating remnants of the "gang of four." Mr Chao himself was a victim in the Cultural Revolution.

The article suggested that Mr Teng would most likely make Mr Chao director of the Office of the Chinese Communist Party Central so as to relieve part of his own workload, or fill the heretofore abolished position of party secretary general, as the first step toward succeeding him.

Chairman Hua, on the other hand, seems to be in favour of maintaining the present status quo, stalling every opportunity for Mr Chao's promotion to the party central, the article further reported. Mr Hua is considered by Chinese Nationalists as a Cultural Revolution beneficiary and a rival to Mr Teng Hsiao-ping.

AFP REPORTS REHABILITATION OF 1976 PEKING DEMONSTRATORS

BK131604Y Hong Kong AFP in English 1120 GMT 13 Sep 78 BK

[By Francis Deron]

[Text] Peking, 13 Sep (AFP)--Some Chinese workers who took part in the April 1976 riots in Peking's Tienanmen Square were rehabilitated with full honours today by the official publication of the municipal authorities.

Radio Peking broadcast an article from the PEKING DAILY, to which foreigners do not have access, saying people should "take lessons" from 11 workers who were "persecuted" after the "Tienanmen Square events" and praising their "courage." The radio also criticised Peking's Municipal Revolutionary Committee for having been "responsible" for the riots, which were unprecedented in the history of people's China.

In its criticism, the radio did not, however, mention the name of Peking Mayor Wu Te who has several times come under attack in posters since the fall of the "gang of four" for his links with the leaders who were purged in October 1976 and his role in the Tienanmen disturbances.

In April 1976, a week of homage by the people of Peking to Premier Chou En-lai, who had died 3 months earlier, came to an abrupt end when clashes broke out between demonstrators and counter-demonstrators, and between demonstrators and security men who had been ordered to terminate the homage. The April 5 incident, described at the time as "counterrevolutionary" by the official press, led to the dismissal of party Vice-Chairman Ten Hsiao-ping who was held responsible for the violence.

After the death of Mao Tsetung and the arrest of his widow Chiang Ching, the new regime rehabilitated Mr Teng and cleared him of the accusation. But till now, no new historical judgment had been published concerning the incident itself, despite requests from several people who put up big-character posters.

The demonstrators rehabilitated today "were right," Radio Peking said, quoting the news-paper of the municipal authorities.

Over the past few weeks the national press has criticised the city authorities, especially those in charge of public security. The authorities are accused of not having "repented" for errors committed when the gang of four was in power. But this was the first time a press organ had mentioned "the Tienanmen incident" so clearly. Up to now, the press had gone no further than make brief references to the demonstrations of homage to Chou En-lai that preceded the violence.

On Monday, Wu Te, who is also a member of the party Politburo [words indistinct] chairman of the National People's Congress, came under harsh attack on a poster that was put up for a few hours near the municipal buildings. "Down with Wu Te, down with the black Peking Revolutionary Committee headed by Wu Te" said the poster written by a woman worker who had been up against the municipal police since the Cultural Revolution.

But the [words indistinct] old Peking mayor has retained his posts despite several postercampaigns against him, including one very bitter one in April on the second anniversary of the 1976 riots.

Chinese radio tonight went against another judgment made by Peking municipal authorities at the end of the Cultural Revolution. The radio announced the rehabilitation of 56 children of top cadres and Chinese leaders and the freeing of those who had been "persecuted" and imprisoned by "reactionaries' directing the capital's Public Security Bureau between 1968 and 1972. Among them is Ho Peng-fei, son of Marshal Ho Lung, a celebrated and very popular communist military leader who died in 1969.

Marshal Ho's son was arrested while leading "a Mao Tsetung Thought study group." All the group's members were imprisoned "under the pretext of being re-educated" Radio Peking said. Nearly three-quarters of the members were under 20 years old. The group has now been rehabilitated, the radio said, praising the "heroism" of its members.

Enquiries were now underway to trace certain group members who were sent to the country-side when it was dismantled, the radio said.

CONTINUED REPORTAGE ON NATIONAL WOMEN'S CONGRESS

Fukien Delegates

OW131052Y Peking NCNA in English 0708 GMT 13 Sep 78 OW

[Text] Peking, 13 Sep (HSINHUA) -- Li Yuan-cheng and Chang Mei-ying, two delegates from Pukien Province, have received high praise at the Fourth National Women's Congress for their courageous stand in the struggle against the gang of four. Recently the Pukien Women's Federation called on all women in the province to learn from them. The FUKIEN DAILY has also carried an article on them.

Twenty-nine-year-old Li Yuan-sheng, a senior middle school graduate, went to the countryside and settled down there ten years ago. In March 1976, she and her husband Chao Ta-chung, who worked in a farm tool company, put up a big-character-poster in a main street in Sanming Prefecture. It stated that Chang Chun-chiao was a suspicious character who had usurped a position of power in the party Central Committee and it exposed his sabotage of production. The poster quoted Marx: "Every child knows that a nation which ceased to work, I will not say for a year, but even for a few weeks, would perish." It then went on to demand of Chang Chun-chiao: "Only when we have a great abundance of products, can we approach or enter the communist society. Why do you oppose the people grasping production? And why do you criticize efforts to develop production as practising the 'theory of productive forces!?"

Chang Chun-chiao and company immediately sent their followers in the Public Security Department to Pukien Province to investigate the case. In May that year, Chao Ta-chung was labeled as "opposing the party Central Committee" and as an "active counter-revolutionary," and was arrested and imprisoned. Li Yuan-cheng was branded "wife of a counterrevolutionary" and her freedom of speech and action was restricted. Persecution failed to deter her. She firmly defended the views expressed in the big-character poster, and rendered her persecutors speechless.

The struggle of Li Yuan-cheng and her husband won the sympathy and support of many local workers, peasants and young people. Acquaintances or even strangers gave the young couple food and fruit and a prison warden passed messages for them. Li Yuan-cheng wrote in a letter to her husband in the prison: "When we sacrifice for the people, what we get will not be trivial, pitiful and selfish happiness. Our happiness belongs to the people." In a letter to her father, a veteran armyman who joined the revolution in 1937, she wrote: "The socialist scate won by you veteran revolutionaries with lives and blood can only be protected through continued struggle."

Forty-five-year-old Chang Mei-ying works in the Fukien Provincial Bureau of Supplies. In February 1976, she and her husband Liu Tsung-li of the Fukien Provincial Machine-Building Bureau and her father-in-law, a deputy secretary of the party branch committee of a rural production brigade, wrote a big-character poster. They signed it "three communists" and put it up in a main street in Foochow, the provincial capital. They protested against suppression of the people's mourning for Premier Chou En-lai and against false charges made against Comrade Teng Hsiao-ping by the gang of four and their followers.

Their big-character poster said: "Even though Lin Piao is dead, some people are trying a hundred and one ways to reverse the correct verdict on Lin Piao's revisionist line." It also said: "Commade Teng Hsiao-ping is a man of rare ability; he has correctly carried out Chairman Mao's revolutionary line and policies. History and the people will give him a just verdict." This big-character poster was quickly labeled "reactionary" and placed "under investigation." The three were shielded by their commades, and narrowly escaped arrest by followers of the gang of four.

Model Laborers Attend

Ow1316321 Paking NCNA in English 1520 GMT 13 Sep 78 OW

[Excerpts] Peking, 13 Sep (HSINHUA) -- "As a young woman, I was particularly stirred by the call from the congress to Chinese women to raise cur political consciousness and increase our abilities in the course of modernizing our country," said Chang Yu-feng in an interview with HSINHUA.

The Sail, vivacious 25 year old textile worker from Tangshan was named a national labour hero earlier this year. She told the National Women's Congress today that she had revised her own objective--that of completing the equivalent of 21 months! work within one year, which would be a new national record.

Joining the enthusiastic applause for Chang Yu-feng's achievement were a number of veteran textile workers, including Hao Chien-hsiu, whose own improved work methods had great impact on the textile industry in early post-liberation days when she was a young worker similar to Chang Yu-feng. Hao Chien-hsiu is now a vice-minister of the textile industry.

More than 170 labour heroes, prize winning women scientists, engineers, teachers, doctors and artists are attending the women's congress.

Model workers from the Taching oilfield are the subject of admiration at the congress and in group discussions. 29-year-old Hsu Shu-ying, a former worker in the oilfield's first women's oil extraction team, is now a leading administrator at a centre which has charge of thousands of oil wells.

Chang Shu-yuan, now deputy party branch secretary of the Yungchang production brigade of the Tachua people's commune in northeast China's Heilungkiang Province, has since 1953 been cited on several occasions as a labour hero for her initiative in leading the agricultural cooperative movement in her home village. In recognition of this, the was received by Chairman Mao and the late Premier Chou En-lai on several occasions.

Before attending the Fourth National Women's Congress, she was heading a group of women peasants in building a reservoir to provide irrigation for almost 700 hectares.

Lin Shu-ying is an outstanding silkworm breeder from the Pinghu commune in Hupeh, central China. She expressed her determination to take her achievements even farther. Under the rule of the gang of four she was forced to stop here research.

Another nationally-known veteran labour hero is Liang Chun, China's first woman tractor driver. She is now a leading member of a farm machinery bureau in northeast China. Also present is model peasant Li Yu-hsiu who was a leader of the Red Guards in the Red Army days. She was elected the first leader of an agricultural producers' cooperative after the founding of new China and was received by Chairman Mao on eleven occasions marking her outstanding contributions to the Chinese revolution.

PEOPLE'S DAILY ON MAO'S CONCERN FOR 'TIES WITH THE MASSES'

OW132048Y Peking NCNA Domestic Service in Chinese 1403 GMT 12 Sep 78 OW

[PEOPLE'S DAILY 13 September article by the theoretical group of the Bureau of Letters and Visits and the Secretarial Bureau of the General Office of the CCP Central Committee: "Chairman Mao Was of One Heart With the Masses--Fondly Thinking of Chairman Mao's Brilliant Practice of Showing Concern for People's Letters and Visits"]

[Text] Peking, 12 Sep--Chairman Mao, the esteemed and beloved great leader of our party, our army and people of all nationalities of our country, passed away 2 years ago. As workers who happily lived and struggled by his side, we, with boundlessly respectful sentiments, fondly think of Chairman Mao's brilliant practice of closely maintaining ties with the masses and showing concern for people's letters and visits. We all the more deeply cherish the memory of our great leader Chairman Mao.

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To usure the supreme leadership of the party and the state, Lin Fiao and the "gang of four" advocated the reactionary fallacy of "suspecting everything, overthrowing everything," consected the counterrevolutionary political program that the veteran cadres were "descorats" and "democrats" were "capitalist roaders," wantonly trampled on the party's eadre policy, and frenziedly attacked and persecuted the cadres, particularly the leading cadres of the party, government and military, who upheld Chairman Mao's revolutionary line.

Continuan Mac never stopped eliminating the interference and sabotage by Lin Piac and the "gang of four," defending the broad masses of cadres and implementing the cadre policy himself. He made numerous important instructions on the letters sent to him by cadres who here investigated and persecuted by Lin Piac and the "gang of four" during the Cultural havelution. In December 1974, the dependent of a cadre under investigation wrote a letter to Chairman Mac, requesting magnanimous treatment for the cadre who had committed mistakes, whereupon Chairman Mac instructed "no action will be taken."

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masses of cadres, particularly the veteran cadres who had followed him in fighting in both the north and south, and they also show his sharp criticism of the crimes committed by him Piao and the "gang of four" in persecuting the veteran revolutionary cadres and undersing the party's policies on cadres. Many veteran cadres gratefully wrote letters to chairman Mao and the party Central Committee, pledging that they would live up to the expectations of Chairman Mao and the party Central Committee, and that they were determined to dedicate themselves entirely to the cause of the party and the people until their last broath.

Chairran Mao constantly dealt with and replied to letters sent to him by members of the patriotic and democratic parties and factions, patriotic personages, leading intellectuals and noted personages from all circles. Through processing these letters, Chairman Mao heard their opinions and suggestions and encouraged them to serve socialism.

In 1955, a responsible person of a certain democratic party wrote a letter to Chairman Mao and presented some suggestions on government work. Chairman Mao highly valued those suggestions and replied: "I have read your letter. Many thanks. You have done a lot of investigation and your suggestions are helpful for solving the existing problems. I have asked many other concerned comrades to read your letter."

in detober 1975, a veteran writer wrote a letter to Chairman Mao to report on the writing of a long historical novel. The writer said that as long as he lived, he would work emergetically to complete the historical novel. The letter also dealt with the problems the writer and encountered in the course of writing the book and expressed the hope that he would be supported and assisted in his work. Chairman Mao wrote instructions on the margin of the letter, agreeing that the writer should write the book according to plan, and instructed that the writer should be helped in solving his difficulties. Chairman Mao's concern, education and encouragement for the members of the patriotic and democratic parties that factions, patriotic personages, leading intellectuals and noted personages of all circles immensely around their enthusiasm to serve secialism.

Although Chairman Mac has left us, his earnest instructions will live in our hearts forever. His great revolutionary work will always inspire us to fight continuously. Wise leader Chairman Hua is Chairman Mao's good student and good successor. Like Chairman Mac, Chairman Hua highly values people's letters and visits. He personally reads and gives instructions on handling those letters, personally answers the masses' letters, and personally involves himself with the various problems reflected in the people's letters and visits in order to satisfy the masses' legitimate needs and set a brilliant example for us. We will certainly carry on Chairman Mao's behests, hold high the great banner of Chairman Mac, rally even more closely around the party Central Committee headed by Chairman Hua, resolutely implement the line of the 11th National CCP Congress, carry forward the party's fine traditions and work style, maintain close ties with the masses, do a conscientious job in handling people's letters and visits, and strive for the realization of the general task for the new period.

PEOPLE'S DAILY CALLS FOR AVOIDING USING THEORY AS DOGMA

HK130947Y Peking PEOPLE'S DAILY in Chinese 4 Sep 78 p 3 HK

[Article by Meng Ling-tsai [1322 0109 0762]: "Beginning With the Battle at Chinghsing"]

[Text] The battle at Chinghsing is a famous example of war in which a small force defeated a large one. This battle took place during the final period of the Chin Dynasty. The two parties included the Han army, comprising several tens of thousands of men led by Han Hsin who was well versed in the art of war and was good at guiding his army in light of prevailing circumstances; and the Chao army of 200,000 mer. who held the Chinghsing Pass and who were led by General Chen Yu, a bookworm who conducted warfare strictly according to the hard and fast rules of war tactics. Before this battle, Han Hsin had led his men in fighting over a thousand li, capturing cities and advancing victoriously. They were now marching headlong toward the Chinghsing Pass. Facing a seige, Chen Yu's adviser, Li Tso-che suggested shunning the brunt of the attack, sending a detachment to intercept the Han army's ration supply, firmly holding the vantage ground at the perilous Chingshing Pass and charging at the Han army when the latter became short of rations and was demoralized. However, Chen Yu did not concretely analyze the conditions of his army and his opponent. He trusted in his overwhelmingly superior power and stuck to a dogma in Sun Tzu's "The Art of War:" "If our forces are 10 times superior to the enemy, we will surround him; if twice as numerous, we will engage him in battle." He refused to accept Li Tso-che's correct suggestion which was compatible with objective reality. He insisted on attacking immediately. Han Hsin was delighted when he learned that Chen Yu did not accept Li Tso-che's advice. Thus, he dispatched a detachment to sieze the encampments of the Chao army by surprise when the latter had come out to attack. This detachment was to replace the banners of the Chao army with those of the Han army to confuse the soldiers of the Chao army who would then disperse in disorder before the battle started. He also positioned his army by the river side so it would have no way to retreat. The strategists of the Chao army were not the only ones who laughed at this. Even Han Hsin's assistants were bewildered. They said: "In 'The Art of War, ' Sun Tzu maintains that" In making tactical dispositions, we should have the hills on our right and at our back and the river on our left and in front of us. However, you now have the river at your back. Are you not going against war taction?" Han Hain replied "In applying war tactics, one should not neglect actual conditions. The men I am new leading are not yet very well trained. I must place them in a dangerous position so all of them will fight bravely, have a high morale, surmount hardships and win victory. If they are in a place where they can retreat, they will be mindful of their own safety. Thus, their morale will be low and they will not fight with all-out efforts. This will lead to defeat. [paragraph continues]

Sun Tzu also mentioned this in 'The Art of War,' saying: 'Plunge your army into desperate straits and it will come off in safety; place it in deadly peril and it will survive.'" His men were convinced. Subsequently, this battle at Chinghsing ended with the Han army triumphing over the Chao army.

This gives rise to an interesting question: Both Han Hsin and Chen Yu too! Sun Tzu's "The Art of War" as the guide in drawing their war plans. Why was it that one of them triumphed while the other was defeated? The crux was: Did one make a deep investigation of the actual conditions of his army and the enemy so that he could apply the military theory correctly and flexibly in light of realities. Or, did one take a military theory as an unchageable golden rule, apply it rigidly and suit objective realities to it? Han Hsin and Chen Yu applied Sun Tzu's "The Art of War," but they adopted completely different guiding ideas, so that one of them triumphed while the other was defeated.

Sun Tzu's "The Art of War" was ancient China's first famous book on strategy. All strategists read it. However, there are countless examples of war in ancient times that show that the generals who read this book thoroughly were not necessarily good at commanding and winning battles. Such generals included Chao Kuo who was good at conducting paper warfare, Chen Yu who applied military theory rigidly and Ma Su who was only a braggart. They had memorized very well what was written in Sun Tzu's "The Art of War," but they were bitterly defeated in battle. This is a lesson by negative example. In no way should we take a theory (even though it has been proven correct by practice) as a permanently applicable dogma. Those who divorce theory from reality are bound to fail in practice.

This also applies to Marxist theory. The essence and soul of Marxism is to make concrete analyses of concrete problems. In studying and applying Marxism, we must take realities into consideration, study the actual conditions and solve actual problems. This is the only way to preserve and carry forward our fine style of seeking truth from facts in study, writing and party life. Of course, "we should study Markist books, but this study must be integrated with our country's actual conditions. We need books, but we must overcome book worship, which is divorced from the actual situation." Lin Piao and the "gang of four" willfully extracted words and phrases from the classic Marxist works according to their counterrevolutionary needs and took the dogmas, which they had deliberately altered, to frighten naive people. For some time, it seemed that one who could recite a few quotations from Marxist works had a good grasp on Marxist truth. It seemed that one could distinguish between right and wrong and make policy by Just citing a few Marxist quotations without making deep investigations and listening to the opinions of the masses. It seemed that principles were not suited to facts but facts were forced to suit the "dogmas" fabricated by wishful thinking. As long as a hat had been made beforehand, there would doubtlessly be a head to fit it. This way of studying Marxism is directly against Marxism and is quite similar to solving complicated war problems by applying written strategic rules as Chen Yu did in the battle at Chinghsing. Facts show that some people talk much about theories at ordinary times but once they meet complicated problems, especially in the two-line struggle, they often are captured by others through some false or distorted Marxist words and phrases. Thus, they waver in the storm of struggle. Should we not remember this profound lesson?

STATE COUNCIL ISSUES CIRCULAR ON AUTUMN MINOR CROP HARVEST

OW131257Y Peking NCNA Domestic Service in Chinese 1149 GMT 11 Sep 78 OW

[Text] Peking, 11 Sep--The State Council recently issued a circular on effectively and successfully harvesting "minor autumn crops." The circular points out: Last year great successes were scored in harvesting "minor autumn crops." According to incomplete statistics, in 1977 the nation purchased 1.3 billion yuan worth of products from the "minor autumn harvest."

But this represented only a few percent, or no more than 20 percent, of all such resources that could be harvested and utilized. Therefore, there is a great potential to be tapped in this field. We must do everything possible to harvest and utilize these wild crops in an effort to increase the revenue of communes and trigades and the supply of goods to the markets and to support industry and foreign trade. In addition to doing a good job in the areas of normal autumn harvesting and planting and farmland capital construction, all localities must effectively, firmly and successfully grasp this task and achieve greater success in harvesting "minor autumn crops" this year. Related plans must be worked out as early as possible.

The circular stresses: To achieve success in harvesting "minor autumn crops" it is necessary to further implement the party's economic policy. Presently, attention must be paid to the following points:

- 1. We rust persist in implementing the principle of "to each according to his work." While embarking on the campaign to harvest "minor autumn crops," communes and brigades—whether they take the form of collective production or decentralized production—must make maximum efforts to implement the system of fixed production quotas and award those who overfulfill quotas. While doing so, they must take into consideration their resources, the difficulty of the work to be done, the technological levels, and the quantities and quality of work to be done. Some of those individuals who overfulfill their quotas can be awarded extra work points or cash or can be permitted to have the fruits of their labor proportionally distributed among the commune and brigade members. The way they are distributed depends on the actual local conditions. Additional funds must be earmarked for difficult work that requires more cloth and a greater number of shoes.
- 2. As soon as a harvesting area is divided among the individuals or collectives, we must change the erroneous practice of strictly prohibiting individuals or preventing individuals from touching areas that the collectives show no interest in. Communes and brigades must be encouraged to organize the harvesting of certain minor autumn crops that are highly concentrated in an area, are quantitatively large and require a collective effort. Individuals must be mobilized to devote their spare time or holidays to harvesting and collecting the scattered crops left behind by the collectives. Furthermore, individual herdsmen must be permitted and encouraged to harvest and collect wild medical herbs and other wild crops as long as such extra work does not affect their schedule for tending their grazing livestock. Anyone who discovers and collects such medical herbs must be permitted to own them and be compensated with cash if they intend to sell them. We must insure enforcement of the law that calls for cash awards to people who discover certain varieties of wild medical herbs. When they are harvesting "minor autumn crops," the vast numbers of commune members must be taught to pay attention to protecting the nation's natural resources. In the meantime, they should be permitted to harvest wild crops in the mountains under the increased technical guidance of the collectives. The county revolutionary committees must issue specific decisions concerning which "minor autumn crops growing" area should be assigned to collectives and which should be opened to individuals, and make them known to the public.

The circular calls on all localities to successfully organize their labor force to harvest "minor autumn crops." Since the "minor autumn crops" harvesting season is also a busy time for autumn harvesting, planting and plowing, and for launching largescale farmland capital construction, all localities must work out a unified plan and make reasonable arrangements for organizing the necessary labor force to collect "minor autumn crops" in time to harvest them. We must insure that only a limited labor force is assigned to harvest "minor autumn crops," so that requests to assign manpower to other production projects will not be ignored. In the meantime, an auxiliary labor force consisting of primary and middle school students, family members of workers in industrial centers and mining areas must be fully mobilized to take an active part in harvesting "minor autumn crops."

The circular points out: Judging from the latest information, all varieties of wild crops are now growing well. The varieties of wild crops and the quantities to be purchased this year are expected to be greater than last year. Supply and marketing cooperatives should play an active role in purchasing them in the interest of production. Every grassroots cooperative should be prepared to sign purchasing and marketing contracts with communes and brigades and advise them of their own purchasing plans. Grassroll cooperatives must print and distribute to contracted production brigades and production teams catalogues listing the names, specifications, quality and prices of products to be purchased, and they must make this information known to every household through public announcements. In the course of purchasing, every cooperative should make special efforts to overcome the fear of overstocking and should not look upon this negatively under the pretext of improving management. The cooperatives must also open additional purchasing centers and extend the hours of operation for the benefit of the masses who want to sell their harvests. Those cooperatives that are short of manpower can hire temporary workers during the brief reriod of purchasing "minor autumn crops." Banks must provide the necessary loans or funds needed to purchase these "minor autumn crops." The transportation departments must enthusiastically support this activity by strengthening their shipping units in order to speed up the shipment of the "minor autumn crops." The high-level supply and marketing cooperatives must actively promote those temporarily unsalable products on behalf of grassroots cooperatives. Under no circumstances should they stop purchases and adversely affect production.

The circular points out: In order to fully utilize the wild crops, scientific research units in various localities should help the departments of commerce and foreign trade supply and marketing units, must step up research on wild plants, develop multipurpose uses for them and constantly blaze new trails in utilizing them. Provincial, municipal and autonomous regional planning committees must work out plans for utilizing the raw materials derived from wild plants, and the departments of industry must actively try to utilize the wild plants. The provincial, municipal, and autonomous regional departments of finance must consider compensating those units that suffer financial losses because of utilizing the wild plants.

The circular says: All localities must strengthen their leadership. Revolutionary committees at all levels must quickly advise the grassroots units of the plans for harvesting and purchasing "minor autumn crops," and carry out the plans under the leadership of leading comrades. Every production brigade and production team must assign at least one leading member to specifically direct the harvesting of "minor autumn crops." Departments at all levels in charge of this activity must organize teams to visit grassroots units get acquainted with their situations, exchange experiences with them and appraise what has been achieved. Only in this way can we effectively develop the "minor autumn crops harvesting activities."

KWANGMING DAILY ON DEVELOPMENT OF BUILDING MATERIALS

HK130235Y Peking KWANGMING DATLY in Chinese 3 Sep 78 p 1 HK

[Editorial: "Let Us Make a Great Leap Forward in Scientific and Technical Work in the Building Materials Industry"]

[Text] The Party Central Committee headed by Chairman Hua, which is very concerned about and attaches great importance to the building materials industry, recently pointed out:

"Power (including fuel), communications and transportation and building materials are three vanguards and it is necessary to view the building materials industry as an important department to grasp." Speeding up the development of the building materials industry is an important matter for the whole party and, in particular, an arduous and glorious task shouldered by the cadras and workers on the building materials front. [paragraph continues]

PRC NATIONAL AFFAIRS

At the same time, this task manifests the earnest hopes for and higher demands on the scientists and technicians involved in building materials.

The building materials in istry must be the vanguard -- this is the scientific summation of the experience gaine in socialist construction in the 28 years since the founding of the People's Republic, the correct reflection of objective economic laws, a demand in fulfilling the general task for the new period and also the desire of the people throughout the country. To meet the demands of the 10-year plan for the development of China's economy, we must complete 120 key projects as well as thousands of other items for industry, agricultural water conservancy, communications, transportation, science education, culture and public health in the next 8 years. These formidable construction projects require more and better building materials of all kinds. To gradually improve the life of the people on the basis of developing production, it is also necessary to speed up the building of houses for the people. Like food and clothing, housing is man's most basic material condition for life. At present, the standard of housing for the people of our country is rather poor, the rate of urban housing construction is a long way from meeting with the needs of the developing situation and the building materials needed to build houses for the rural people are also in very short supply. The backwardness of the building materials industry is already affecting the development of the national economy and the improvement of the people's living standards. Speeding up the development of the building materials industry so that it will correspond with the demands of the new period and the new task is an important problem affecting the overall situation that urgently requires solution.

Eaking the building materials industry a vanguard requires a great leap forward in scientific and technical work in building materials. In the past 28 years very great achievements have been made in scientific and technical work in China! building materials industry and these are the results of the diligent labor of the scientists, technicians and workers. However, because of the fake left and real right counterrevolutionary revisionist line always pushed by Lin Piao and the "gang of four," the scientific and technical undertakings of our country's building materials industry were seriously disrupted and the gap between our level and advanced world levels widened. This was an important factor in slowing down the production and development of building materials and affected the speed of national construction. Take housing construction for example. Foreign countries are extensively using all kinds of new building materials and our country is still primarily using "bricks and tiler of the Chin and Han dynasties." The use of small pieces of building materials made from clay to build houses is not only inefficient and time consuming, but also hinders the industrialization of construction. In addition, such materials possess poor antiearthquake properties and destroy an enormous amount of farmland. Making revolution on "bricks and tiles of the Chin and Han dynasties" and replacing them with light and strong building materials possessing heat and noise insulation and fire prevention properties is the only way to develop the building materials industry with greater, faster, better and more economical results. We must depend on scientific research to clear the way in making revolution on building materials. To greatly improve the output and quality of cement, glass, building and sanitation cereamics and other nonmetallic products it is also necessary to first properly grasp scientific research in new crafts, new technology and new equipment,

There is a kind of mentality which holds that houses can also be built by relying on old materials and methods and that nothing high grade, precise or advanced can be done with building materials. Therefore, people with this mentality view research on building materials as something inessential. The roots of this mentality are ignorance of science and technology as productive forces and an inability to see the revolutionary role of science and technology in propelling history forward. Of course, for some time to come we will still have to use many bricks and tiles made of clay. To develop production in this direction, we also must promote scientific research, make technical innovations and technical revolution in a big way, replace manual labor with mechanization and raise labor productivity. However, there is no limit to human knowledge and there definitely is no exception to this in the realm of building materials. [paragraph continues]

We must continue to discover and create and we must not stick to old methods or be content with things as they are. If the building materials industry does not want to hold back the thole national economy and really wants to move further ahead and overtake and surpass advanced world levels, why can it not place research on building material in a very important position? We must thoroughly expose and criticize the fallacies and crimes of the "gang of four" in negating the fact that science and technology are productive forces and in sabotaging scientific and technical work, put down rebellion and restore order, eliminate their pernicious influence and the erroneous mentality of "research on building materials in inessential" and make a great advance in ideological understanding.

Advance scientific and technical work in building materials it is necessary to give full play to the role of the scientific and technical personnel and to strenghten the building of a scientific and technical contingent in building materials. Due to the breaking up of scientific research organs by Lin Piao and the "gang of four," the building of a scientific and technical contingent was seriously disrupted, there was a shortage of manpower and nobody to carry on the work. Discovering, promoting, employing and training qualified people by every means possible are major issues. It is necessary to implement the party's policy toward intellectuals, reverse the verdicts on and exonerate the cadres, scientific and technical personnel and people who were persecuted and organize able scientific and technical personnel who are not doing what they have been trained to do and return them to the ranks. Work in this regard is not "more or less completed;" there is still a very great shortcoming as compared with the demand of the Central Committee. It is necessary to properly mobilize and organize the activism of the scientif and technical personnel and of the masses of workers of the Central Committee and of all localities and units and to throw them into the advance toward the modernization of the building materials industry. It is necessary to properly run the institutions of higher learning and the technical middle schools concerned with building materials, to speed up the training of professional scientific and technical forces and also to use every means to raise the scientific and technical standards of existing scientists, technicians, workers and cadres.

The focus in unremittingly grasping the rectification of scientific research organs is on the proper rectification of the leading bodies. Through rectification it is necessary to aliminate the permicious influence of Lin Piao and the "gang of four," allow the line, policies and tactics of the party to be implemented in an all-round manner, establish strong leading bodies and conscientiously enforce the system of division of work and responsibility by the director under the leadership of the party committee. It is also necessary to raise standards and to continue to develop on the basis of rectification. Raising the standards of scientific management is an important link in quickly pushing scientific research forward. At present, some of the research organs concernized with building materials are still not clear about their orientation and task, courses are redundant, the management of instruments and equipment is poor, the scientific and techmical personnel and the assistants in research laboratories and teams are not aware of their responsibility and the relations of cooperation have not been properly handled. Consequently, a great deal of time is invariably lost and the efficiency of research work is affected. Leading cadres at all levels must improve their work style, go deep into the frontline of scientific research, carry out investigations and study, consult with the masses and adopt realistic and effective measures to properly solve these problems. It will never do to neglect organization and management work in science and technology, to float on the surface and to raise a meaningless clamor or opinionatedly make suggestions at random. It is imperative to work conscientiously and produce more scientific and technical results.

Amid the excellent situation in which "900 million people in this land are throwing themselves into the great leap forward" and so long as party committees at all levels are good at studying and strengthening leadership, science and technology in building material industry to move further ahead and play its rightful role in the march toward the four modernizations.

PRC CULTURE MINISTRY MEETING ON LITERARY, ART CREATION

OMI40554Y Peking NCNA Domestic Service in Chinese 1240 GMT 13 Sep 78 OW

[By NCNA correspondent Li Te-jun]

[Excerpts] Peking, 14 Sep--The millions upon millions of Chinese people are marching toward the four modernizations. How to satisfy their demands in cultural life during their new Long March is a question on which the Ministry of Culture recently has focused its attention. The ministry holds that the most urgent task now is to fight well the third campaign of exposing and criticizing the "gang of four;" thoroughly eradicate the "gang of four's" pernicious influence and effects; improve the adverse situation in the cultural and art fields due to the sabotage of the "gang of four" and their followers and confidants; get rid of those bad things in ideology, work style, organization and regulations and rules; sweep away the obstacles to making great efforts in seeking quick results; promptly improve the disharmonious phenomenen between cultural and art undertakings on one hand and economic base and the rapid development of national economy on the other; and bring the socialist enthusiasm of the cultural and art workers into full play.

Recently, the Ministry of Culture held a cadre meeting at which the struggle to expose and or ticize the "gang of four" and the ministry's own work hitherto carried out were reviewed as well as plans and arrangements for continuing the movement and future work were made. The meeting was followed by warm discussions by all present.

While affirming its achievements, the ministry has also soberly noted that what it has done still far from satisfies the demands of the party Central Committee headed by Chairman Hua and the wishes of the masses of people. In addition, continued investigations are needed in order to win complete victory; great efforts are required to criticize, repudiate and wipe out the pernicious influence and effects of the fake-left and realight counterrevolutionary revisionist line of Lin Piac and the "gang of four" which are still in existence; particularly in actual work, the lack of literary and art works caused by the sabotage of the "gang of four" is yet to be promptly and thoroughly improved, while certain works are not up to the ideological and artistic standards and others are more or less tinged with factional style and flavor to the dislike of the masses. To carry out the four modernizations, the people need a rich cultural life and abundant reading materials. However, there has been inadequate current work to meet such demands.

To cope with the aforementioned situation, the Ministry of Culture held that it is necessary to unite the broad masses of cadres, people and literary and art workers to fight well the third campaign of exposing and criticizing the "gang of four."

The Ministry of Culture pointed out: Consolidation means rectification of work style. Our current important task is to make literary and art creation flourish. To seriously implement Chairman Mao's revolutionary line on literature and art and his policy of "letting a hundred flowers blossom and a hundred schools of thought contend. t is essential to solve a pressing problem. That is, the necessity to serious plement democratic centralism, promote the rule by the voice of the many and oppose the rule by the voice of one man.

The Ministry of Culture pointed out: It is imperative to uphold the fundamental Marxist principle that practice is the only criterion for verifying truth, and to stick to the fundamental Marxist viewpoint of seeking truth from facts, integrating theory with practice and proceeding from reality in all work.

It is essential to oppose such a truculent and unreasonable work style as making wanton slanders and attacks and stand against idealistic and metaphysical tendencies. We must insist on seeking truth from facts and analyze and study what should be established and what should be destroyed in the light of the actual circumstances surrounding the cultural and art circles and in the interests of the people. It is necessary to wipe our any lingering fears in our hearts, emancipate our minds and dare to speak, raise questions and try to solve them. We must embody this daring revolutionary spirit in our revolutionary practice and art creation.

While encouraging the portrayal of worker-peasant-soldier heroes, we should not stop the writers from describing negative characters. While we should sing warm praises for the great struggle waged by the Chinese people under party leadership, we must also allow bona fide criticism of the people's shortcomings as well as profound criticism and sharp sarcasm of negative matters. Furthermore, the problem of daring not to write love stories must also be solved, and we must use literary and art works to educate the youths correctly in the concept of love.

The Ministry of Culture expressed the hope that all corrades in the cultural and art circles should strengthen their party spirit and sense of organization and discipline, oppose anarchism, bourgeois factionalism and liberalism, eliminate selfishness and build up devotion to public interests, and encourage the revolutionary spirit of holding themselves responsible to the party and the people. Certain leading comrades in particular must overcome the evil tendency of "trying to make a detour whenever they encounter any difficulty and blurring the demarcation line between right and wrong." They should study harder, emancipate their minds, get ready to work and advance swiftly. It is necessary to rally more closely round the party Central Committee headed by Chairman Hua and work hard. As we further emancipate our minds, act more boldly, map out more plans and quicken our pace, we will better accomplish our work.

KWANGMING DAILY RAPS GANG'S BANNING OF PLAYS ON LOVE

HK140824Y Peking KWANGMING DAILY in Chinese 5 Sep 78 p 4 HK

[Article by Li Ting [2621 0080]: "'Liang Shan-po and Chu Ying-tai' and plays on Love Stories"]

[Excerpts] The late Comrade Ho Chi-fang, a prominent literary critic in our country, wrote an influential article "On the Story of Liang Shan-po and Chu Ying-tai" in the early 1950's. He made this correct assessment of the legendary story: "It very strongly praises the pure love that binds a young man and woman. The bond is so strong that ne "her the feudal society's marriage system nor death can separate them. Although Liang Shan-po dies broken-hearted, Chu Ying-tai refuses to go to the family of Ma [a rival to Liang for Chu's love]. After imploring the gods for the deceased, Liang's tomb suddenly opens in a thunderstorm and she Jumps into the grave."

For over 1000 years, the story of Liang Shan-po and Chu Ying-tai has been widely circulated. The Shaohsing opera, an improved adaptation of the original stage production "Liang Shan-po and Chu Ying-tai," is even more popular and has been based on popular folklore. However, ever since the "gang of four" dished up the theory of "dictatorship of the sinister line in literature and art," fine works of literature and art including outstanding classic literature and art were indiscriminately suppressed in the wave of reactionary trends of thought that was stirred up at that time. [paragraph continues]

Consequently, the Shaohsing opera "Liang Shan-po and Chu Ying-tai" along with other literary and stage adaptations of popular folklore were inexplicably branded as "a sinister example of feudalism, capitalism and revisionism" and "a decadent echo of plays on the scholars-and-beauties theme." The opera was therefore banned and was in fact pronounced dead. This was something rare and strange at a time when the opera "Liang Shan-po and Chu Ying-tai" was enjoying great popularity.

The problem of marriage and love, as everybody knows, is an important social issue. In China's protracted feudal society, there were perennial contradictions between parents and their children regarding matrimonial matters. This means that parental authority over arranged marriages was often determined by the social status of the contemplating families entering into matrimonial relationship. Therefore, China's feudal marriage system was the source of many family tragedies. Feudal conventions which deprived young people of both sexes the right to express their love for each other were also responsible for many similar tragedies. From the story of Liang Shan-po and Chu Ying-tai and other works depicting family tragedies, we not only see the evil of the feudal marriage system exposed but more importantly we see resistance to the system.

In the history of Chinese literature and drama, we can find that many plays on love stories were staged in the Sung and Yuan periods, with a crop of new versions appearing after the Yuan era. Some of them were in varying degrees particularly refreshing in their approaches to love and achieved a new level in artistic accomplishment. An outstanding example in this regard was Tang Hsien-chu's "The Pecny Pavilion."

We also find that during the "4 May" period, outstanding writers who were firmly opposed to imperialism and feudalism used popular love stories and plays on the love theme to carry out their fight. Kuo Mo-jo was one of them. His well-known "Three Rebel Women," based on such historical figures as Tso Wen-chun and others, was severe in criticizing the feudal forces. In an article commenting on "The Story of the West Chamber," he said: "The rebel spirit and revolution, at any rate, are the mothers of all art." ("Criticizing the Artistic Attributes of the West Chamber and the Character of Its Author") Comrade Kuo Mo-jo's angry outbursts against feudalism were in fact touched off by rebellious works produced in ancient times.

We are now clear about the "gang of four's" reactionary behavior and their ideological approach to totally rejecting, negating and banning ancient plays on love stories and those expressing democratic ideas and the rebel spirit. Despite the very "leftist" stand they took against "feudalism, capitalism and revisionism" they were in fact on the side of those diehards with fedual leanings who were opposed to the works of ancient writers who advocated democratic concepts. The "gang of four" therefore were vicious antagonists of Marxism as well as stubborn reactionaries opposed to the "4 May" spirit.

As very good teachers by negative example, the "gang of four" thus opened our eyes to their perverted actions and enriched our experience in the great damage and poison caused and spread by them. As our country is entering socialist society from a semifeudal and semicolonial status, it appears that the struggle against feudalism remains a protracted one. It is abundantly clear that in criticizing the "gang of four," we must seriously criticize their feudal features which are disguised as "socialist." However, in eliminating their remnant poison in this respect, we must be unsparing in our struggle against feudal notions and customs in social life. On the social problems of marriage and love, the task of suppressing feudal manifestations is particularly urgent. In contrast to those comrades who have lingering fear and are still influenced by feudal notions, we believe that staging plays on love stories such as "Liang Shan-po and Chu Ying-tai" is not aimed at reviving the "four olds." Rather, it is conductive to combating the "four olds."

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Export on AMMEL Daily 11 September reporter's commentary: "bely Difficulties and withstand Any Jerious Scherni Disastor")

[namery] The serious drought in this province which started to somer in March has lasted for 6 months. The rainfall in the region north of the Haml River from April to May her derivated by over 30 percent as compared with ordinary years. A high temperature of to degrees occurred in April in the region south of the must River which corposaly affected wheat production. Temperatures were over al degrees in early July which offerted carry rice. Sugarning on 7 August, temperatures were over 16 degrees for a month of

"The mater level of various rivers has gone down as a result of the drought. This attustion has equated great difficulties in water lifting and irrigation. This year's water volume in the 10 major reservoirs in this province has decreased by 2.6 billion cubic and on compared with ordinary prare. The reservoirs are now out of water."

That said of cortous drought in this province has not occurred for 100 years.

"Since this oping, the provincial CCP was revolutionary conditions have concentrated all their offerts on granting agriculture. They have put forward the work policy of taking the apponent and criticism of the gang of four at the key link and of taking agricultural production as the center of everything, they have steadily strengthened leadersmip over the antidrought strangle. They have called on people in the droughtstraining area to argently mobilies, go all out and emergetically wage a people's way to commat drought and read a ranger marvest,"

The provincial CCF committee has opened relevant areas to closely integrate the mutiaround atracks with farmiand capital construction.

"The drought estuation continued to develop in July, thus seriously Joseph relating square sumpling and coming. The provincial CCP committee than promptly and apportunely decided and applicably pointed out; Combating drought and crash resping and sowing are the STATES AND ADDRESS."

"Supray committees at all inverse have taken the expensary and criticism of the garg of four as the key line, implemented the party's raral economic policies and the six regulations as formulated by the provincial CCF committee, and further mobilized the enthusians of the manage of cases and propin, During the climatic stage of the straggle to combat arough), over 3 million laborers in the region morth of the Buni River participated in the attracts with the help of machinery equal to some 900,000-hersepower, and over t million laborum participated in combating drought in the region south of the Hasi carry with the help of first engine coast to 660,000-kersepower and alectric maters equal to open 400.000-xilomatts. The 470,000 kilomatts of electrical power have been could be combined dramaged throughout the province which accounts for come to percent of this provinceds total electrical power. To impare the samply of diesel fact oil needed to combat drought, over 30,000 term of all were used in the second quarter.

"The (Printeness isrightion area this year released 5 billion cobic meters of water from the 5 major recervative which irrigated meanly 7 million non of rice field including early, intermediate and late Fice."

After werking hard for over 3 souths, this province has scored great achievements in combating drought. This province has reapid a bumper summer harvest of crops irrespective of the serious drought. Grain output has increased by 40 percent as compared with last year. The average per-mon early rice output has increased by over 20 catties. The total cutput of summer harvested crops and early autumn crops in this province increased by nine percent as compared with last year. However, the total output if summer harvested crops and early rice in this province is less than half of the total annual grain output quotas. Fulfilling the annual grain output quotas will depend on the latter part of the year. The serious problem is that the serious drought is continuing to develop which will Jeopardise the normal growth of crops. It has become more and more difficult to irrigate farmland and combat drought. Many areas have been stricken by serious drought for over 100 days and have thus failed to plant paddy rice and dryland crops."

Changien Prefecture's Tingyuan. Fengyang and Chiachan counties have only planted a rew midautumn crops and have not planted any late autumn crops. They have difficulties in supplying water for people and demostic animals there.

The provincial GCP committee recently once again made urgent studies and formulated plans for senducting the struggle to combat drought. It asked people in drought-stricken areas to follow the good example of the Tachai people, defy difficulties and withstand any serious natural disaster."

Various counties in the region north of the Huai River are now actively preparing to combat drought and plant wheat. "At present, the drought situation in most areas in this province is continuing to develop. The autumn crops in some communes and brigades will die as a result of drought. This is a very serious situation.

"Farty committees at all levels in drought-stricken areas are currently leading the masses of commune members to adopt various remedial measures to protect late autumn crops. They have taken such measures as are suitable to local conditions, formulated plans for farmished capital construction aread of schedule, gone in for crash accumulation of manure and actively created a favourable situation for a successful autumn sowing and a successful agricultural production next year to contribute to realizing the general task for the new period."

AND WET HOLDS CONFERENCE ON GRAIN, OIL FROM WOODY PLANTS

HK1512-3Y McTel Ammet Provincial Service in Mandarin 1100 SMT 12 Sep 78 HK

[Summary] "The previncial revolutionary committee recently neld a previncial conference in sefet on producing grain and cil from woody plants. The conference studied issues on energetically developing the production of grain and cil from woody plants, formulated plants, arranged tasks and determined to rapidly promote the production of grain and cil from woody plants.

"attending the conference were comrades responsible for agriculture and ferestry and conrates of grain departments from various prefectures, municipalities and counties. Ma Changyen and Chang Free-yin, vice chairmen of the provincial revolutionary committee, presided
over the conference and delivered speeches. Comrado Wang Kuang-yu, secretary of the
previncial CCP committee, attended and gave instructions.

"Comrades who attended the conference studied the important instructions of Chairman Mac. Frencer Chox. Chairman Nos and Vice Chairman Li on developing the production of oil from woody plants."

They listened to the conveyance of the spirit of the National Conference on Tung Oil and the spirit of the National Conference on Teaseed Oil, exchanged experiences in producing oil from woody plants and made reports on the existing problems of oil production from woody plants.

The participants pointed out: "This province's production of oil from woody plants has been seriously disrupted in the past few years because of the influence of the counter-revolutionary revisionist line of the gang of four which affected industrial and agricultural production and the supply of woody oil to the masses."

The conference noted: To meet the needs of greatly developing the national economy and to improve the supply of wood oil to the masses, it is imperative to energetically develop the production of oil from woody plants in a manner appropriate to local conditions and to develop the production of herbal oil.

"The national conferences on the production of tung oil and teaseed oil have asked this province to achieve self-sufficiency in tung oil or better results in tung oil within 3 or 4 years. This province's teaseed oil output should be increased by 100 percent in 3 years and by 300 percent in 8 years."

The conference stressed: We must conscientiously implement the party's current rural economic policies including the reward system for high producement of woody oil to fully mobilize the enthusiasm of the masses for developing the production of oil from woody plants. We must extensively publicize the importance of developing the production of grain and oil from woody plants and mobilize the masses to discuss and implement plans for developing forests and producing grain and oil from wood plants this winter and next spring.

KTANGST LEADER SPEAKS AT PROVINCIAL MILITIA CONFERENCE

HK131520Y Nanchang Kiangsi Provincial Service in Manuarin 1100 GMT 11 Sep 78 HK

[Excerpts] The Kiangsi Provincial Military District hold a militia work conference between 28 August and 7 September in Nanchang. The participants exposed and criticized the crimes of Lin Piao, the gang of four and their followers in Fiangsi in sabotaging militia building, summed up and exchanged the experiences gained in militia building throughout the province, and studied the measures to implement the spirit of the National Militia Work Conference.

Hain Chun-chieh, Chang Li-haiung, Ha Ting-chien, an Ming-ching, Chen I. Chang Shu-haiang, (Lin Nai-ching), Li Hui-ying, Haich Jui, (Li Yen-minz), (Liu Snin-1), (Sung Chen-1), (Yang Nai-chun), Chen Ting, (Yu sheng-ming), (Sneug Kang), (Shien Chin-chao) and (Tang Kuang), Standing Committee members of the CCP committee of the provincial military district and leading comrades of the provincial military district; responsible conrades of organs of the provincial military district, various submilitary districts and military garrisons, the people's armed forces department of the municipality directly subordinate to the province, and people's armed forces departments of various counties and towns; and responsible persons of various professional departments attended the sumbmence. Responsible comrades of the infantry school of the Foochow PLA units, and responsible commailes of the Poochow PLA units who are stationed in Kiengel also attended. Computer Unlang Wei-ching, first secretary of the Kiangsi Provincial Military District, met with the participants and spoke at the conference. Is in Chun-chish, Standing Committee member of the provincial CCP committee and commander of the provincial military district, and Chang hi-hairing, Standing Committee member of the provincial CCP committee and collisions commissar of the provincial military district, also spoke at the conference.

In his speech, Comrade Chiang Wei-ching first stressed the importance of implementing the spirit of the National Militia Work Conference. He then analyzed our province's excellent situation and pointed out that exposure and criticism of the gang of four is the key link for our present and future work and also a key link for militia work.

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Comrade Chiang Wei-ching stressed: Party committees at all levels must really strengthen leadership over militia work and adhere to the double leadership system—the leadership of local party committees and the military system. The militia is a mass armed organization not divorced from production which can only be run well under the unified leadership of local party committees. Party committees at all levels must carry forward the glorious tradition that the party commands the armed forces, pay attention to both civil and military affairs, put militia work on their important agendas, grasp the work several times a year, seriously implement the instructions of upper level party committees and military organs on militia work, and really solve the problems existing in militia work. We must also make full use of the enthusiasm of people's armed forces departments at all levels. The top leaders of the provincial military district and submilitary districts must pay attention to militia work.

We must seriously improve our leadership methods and style, go deep into the grassroot units, conduct research and investigations, grasp typical examples and lead overall work with experiences gained in particular units. We must carry forward the fine traditions and work style of seeking truth from facts, of the mass line and of hard work; carry on the revolutionary spirit that we had in the war period; grasp the key link of class struggle and of bringing about great order throughout the country, the army and Kiangsi under the leadership of Chairman Hua, the party Central Committee and the Central Military Commission; and work hard to contribute to rapidly developing the national economy and to realizing the four modernizations.

(Li Yen-ming), deputy political commissar of the provincial military district, conveyed the spirit of the Mational Militia Work Conference.

KIANGSI ISSUES CIRCULAR ON COMING SCIENCE CONFERENCE

HK130835Y Nanchang Kiangsi Provincial Service in Mandarin 1100 GMT 11 Sep 78 HK

[Circular issued on 8 September by the Kiangsi provincial CCP and revolutionary committees on holding a provincial science conference]

[Excerpt] 1. The Kiangsi Provincial Science Conference will be held on 19 September 1978 in Nanchang.

- 2. The guiding ideology and major tasks of the conference are to hold the great banner of Chairman Mao high, seriously implement the line of the lith national party congress and the spirit of the Fifth NPC, tightly grasp exposure and criticism of the gang of four as the key link, deeply expose and criticize the crimes of the gang of four and their followers in Kiangsi in frenziedly sabotaging the science and technology cause and in destroying the science and technology forces, study the measures to further implement the spirit of the National Science Conference, formulate a plan to develop our province's science and technology from 1978 to 1985, sum up and exchange experiences, cite the advanced collectives and individuals on our province's science and technology front, cite the people who have scored great achievements in science and technology and, under the wise leadership of Chairman Hua and the party Central Committee, further mobilize the masses of science and technology workers, cadres and people to aim high, advance toward the modernization of science and technology, and rapidly score outstanding achievements to great the 30th anniversary of the founding of our great socialist motherland.
- 3. A total of 4,000 delegates will attend the conference.

OW140616Y Nanking Kiangsu Provincial Service in Mandarin 1030 GMT 12 Sep 78 OW

KTANGSU'S HSU CHIA-TUN ATTENDS NANKING PARTY CONGRESS

[Excerpts] The Fifth Nanking Municipal CCP Congress was recently successfully held. The congress reviewed the fighting course traversed since the Fourth Nanking Municipal CCP Congress, analyzed the excellent situation after the downfall of the gang of four, set forth the goal and measures to grasp the key link and run the municipality well and build Nanking into a modern socialist industrial city, clearly defined the tasks and demands in strengthening party-building and elected the Fifth Nanking Municipal CCP Committee. The Fifth Municipal CCP Committee held its first plenary session and elected its first secretary, second secretary, deputy secretaries, Standing Committee and commission for inspecting discipline. Chu Chiang was sleeted first secretary, Wang Chupin was elected secretary, and (Chou Kuo-fan). (Tang Yung-an), (Liu Feng) and (Ma Chao-ping) were elected deputy secretaries of the municipal CCP committee. This has been approved by the Kiangsu Provincial CCP Committee.

During the congress, Hsu Chia-tun, first secretary of the provincial party committee, and Standing Committee members of the provincial party committee currently in Nanking came to the congress to meet with all the delegates and extended warm greetings.

On behalf of the previous municipal party committee, Commade Chu Chiang made a work report entitled: "Adhere to the Line of the Party's 11th National Congress and Strive To Carry Out the General Task for the New Period."

Comrade Chu Chiang said: In the more than a year since the downfall of the gang of four, party organizations at all levels in the municipality have resolutely implemented the party Central Committee's strategic decision to grasp the key link and run the country well and the provincial party committee's plan. The struggle to expose and criticize the gang of four has developed rapidly and soundly. The bourgeois factional setup has been destroyed. The investigation work is producing obvious results. Investigation into the individuals and incidents associated with the gang of four's conspiracy to usurp party and state power has in the main been completed, and in their essential aspects the class alinements have become clear.

Comrade Chu Chiang said: To adapt to the new situation and tasks, we must continue to carry out party consolidation and rectification, do a good job in party-building and strengthen party leadership, while continuing the struggle to expose and criticize the gang of four, and more effectively lead all the cadres and masses in the municipality to advance courageously along the line of the party's lith national congress and toward the goal of building a modern and powerful socialist country.

The delegates enthusiastically discussed the plan and tasks to build Nanking into a modern socialist city. The congress unanimously adopted Comrade Chu Chiang's report.

SHANGHAT MILITIA WORK CONFERENCE CONCLUDES 6 SEPTEMBER

OW140230Y Shanghai City Service in Mandarin 0000 GMT 12 Sep 78 OW

[Text] The 7-day Shanghai Militia Work Conference victoriously ended on 6 September. During the conference, the comrades conscientiously studied the guidelines of the National Militia Work Conference, carried out warm discussions closely connected with the actual conditions in militia work in Shanghai, and received profound education and great inspiration.

At the conference, Chu Wang-kuo, deputy commander of the Shanghai Garrison Command, made a report on behalf of the command, entitled: "Vigorously Strengthen Shanghai's Militia Building, Do a Good Job in Making Preparations Against Wars of Aggression and Strive To Pulfill the General Task for the New Feriod." Chia Te-fa, deputy commander and chief of staff of the garrison command; Hsing Hao, director of the Political Department of the garrison command; and (Do Yu-chi), director of the garrison's logistics department, spoke at the conference on how the leading organs of the garrison command concentrate their efforts in doing a good job, organizationally, politically and militarily, in militia work and in carrying out militia work on a solid basis.

On the afternoon of 5 September, Wang Chien, Standing Committee member of the municipal CCP committee and vice chairman of the municipal revolutionary committee, and the leading comrades of the Shanghai Garrison Command attended the conference. Also attending the conference were representatives from the leading organs of the Nanking PLA units. Ho I-chiang, commander of the Shanghai Garrison Command, made a summing-up report, presenting the specific requirements for conscientiously implementing the guidelines of the National Militia Work Conference and for strengthening militia building in Shanghai.

During the conference, the leading comrades of the Shanghai Garrison Command separately received the leading comrades from various districts, counties and bureaus and held discussion meetings with the leading comrades of the PLA units at the divisional and regimental level. The comrades attending the discussion meetings debated and studied various questions on how to implement the guidelines of the National Militia Work Conference and do a good Job in militia work in various enterprises, and they offered many good suggestions.

The comrades attending the conference believed: This conference is another important one in Shanghai on militia work since the smashing of the gang of four. It will definitely play an important role in implementing the line of the 11th CCP congress and the principles and tasks laid down by the meeting of the Military Commission on grasping the key link and running the army well and on preparing against war. It will have a significant bearing in restoring and advancing the fine traditions in militia work, further strengthening Shanghai's militia building, and bringing into full play the role of the militiamen in fulfilling the general task for the new period. The comrades attending the conference reviewed their militant course under the leadership of the party committee of the Nanking PLA units and the Shanghai Municipal CCP Committee. They recalled how they penetratingly exposed and criticized the crimes of the gang of four in building the so-called "second armed force"; consolidated the people's militia and strengthened militia building. They freely discussed the favorable situation in Shanghai in doing militia work.

The conference pointed out: It is necessary to fully realize the strategic role of militia under the new historical conditions. The comrades attending the conference held: Shanghai is the east gate of the motherland, the largest industrial city in China and an important junction for the nation's communications. It is of great strategic importance. To fulfill the glorious task of safeguarding Shanghai, efforts must be made to ideologically strengthen our sense of responsibility, consciously carry out militia work well, and bring into full play the role of militiamen and the masses in fighting people's war.

The conference believed: to strengthen leadership over militia work, it is necessary to institute the system of dual leadership by the military command and the local party committee under the unified leadership of the party Central Committee and its Military Commission. At the end of the conference, political commissar of the garrison command Li Pao-chi delivered a speech.

HUNAN MILITIA WORK COMPERENCE OFENS 11 SEPTEMBER

HK131325Y Changsha Hunan Frovincial Service in Mandarin 1100 GMT 12 Sep 78 HK

[Excerpts] To transmit and implement the spirit of the National Militia Work Conference, to implement the strategic principles of grasping the key lank in bringing about great order in the army and of being prepared against war, to do well in organizing people's militia on a big scale, and to mobilize the militia in Human to struggle to fulfill the general task for the new period, the Human Militia Work Conference solemnly opened in the hall of the Hunan Military District on 11 September. Present at the conference were Liu Fu-sheng, Wang Chih-kuo, Tung Kuo-kuei, (Shih Chin-shan), Liu Yu-o, Shih Yu-chen, Liu Shih-hung, Wang Yu-hua, Sun Cheng-chien, Cheng Chi-wen, Kang Kan-sheng, Wei Kai-chiang, Kou Hsien-hsueh, Shih Lei, Tang Tsai-yu, Huang Li-kung, Wu Hai-ching, Lu Wen-hsin, Kuan Chien, Wang Li-chao, (Li Ming), Li Chen-chun, Han Kai-ya), Wu Yao-Kuang), and [Chui Hung-i], responsible comrades of the Hunan ... vincial CCF and revolutionary committees and the Hunan Military District; (Ho Ting), vice _ esident of the Changeha College of Railway Corps; and (Wang Chao-ping), deputy chief of staff of the headquarters of the Canton FLA units. A total of 1,200 people including responsible comrades of various provincial departments and of various prefectures, municipalities and counties; responsible comrades of Changsha, Hengyang and Huaihua Railway subbureaus; responsible comrades of various PLA units at and above division level stationed in Hunan; and responsible comrades of various military subdistrict, garrisons and various county and municipal people's armed forces departments also attended the conference.

The principal tasks of the conference are to transmit and implement the spirit of the National Militia Work Conference, to study Chairman Mao's theory, line, principles and policies on militia building, and to implement the series of important instructions of Chairman Hua, the party Central Committee and the Central Military Commission. The conference emphasized solving the problems in four aspects:

- 1. Penetratingly expose and criticize the crimes of Lin Piao and the gang of four in sabotaging militia building, thoroughly eliminate their remnant poison and influence, further distinguish between right and wrong in line, and restore and carry forward the excellent traditions of militia work.
- 2. Further solve the problem on understanding the strategic position of militia work and enhance the consciousness of organizing people's militia on a big scale.
- 3. Obtain a clear picture of the tasks in militia building now and in the next period, and study the issue of how to mobilize and organize the militiamen to contribute their efforts to fulfilling the general task for the new period.
- 4. Study the issue of how to strengthen leadership over militia work.

The Hunan Frovincial CCP Committee has attached very great importance to this conference. Comrade Mao Chih-yung, first secretary of the Hunan Frovincial CCP Committee and first political commissar of the Hunan Military District, has given instructions on doing a good job of holding this conference, saying: The National Militia Work Conference is a very important conference. It is imperative that we do well in transmitting and implementing its spirit. We must do well in holding our own conference.

Liu Shin-hung, political commissar of the Hunan Military District, presided over the conference.

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Tung Kuo-kuei, Standing Committee member of the Hunan Provincial CCP Committee and commander of the Hunan Military District, read the inscriptions of Chairman Hua, Vice Chairman Yeh and Vice Chairman Hsu Hsiang-chien of the Central Military Commission for the National Militia Work Conference and also gave a brief account of the National Militia Work Conference. Liu Fu-sheng, secretary of the Hunan Provincial CCP Committee, transmitted the speech of Vice Chairman Nieh Jung-chen of the Central Military Commission at the National Militia Work Conference. (Li Ming), deputy political commissar of the Hunan Military District, transmitted the report by Deputy General Chief of Staff Yang Yung.

HUNAN DAILY ON INCREASING RAPE OIL PRODUCTION

HK131036Y Changsha Hunan Provincial Service in Mandarin 1100 GMT 12 Sep 78 HK

[Report on HUNAN DAILY 12 September editorial: "Struggle To Do Well in Cultivating 8 Million Mou of Rape"]

[Excerpts] The editorial said: "White dew" [8 September] has passed and the farming season for the sowing and sprouting of rape is imminent. To rapidly promote the production of oil-bearing crops in Hunan, the Hunan Provincial CCP Committee has decided that it is essential that people do well in fully cultivating 8 million mou of rape. It called on the party organizations at all levels in the countryside in Hunan and the commune members to boost their enthusiasm, strengthen various measures and struggle to fulfill and overfulfill various glorious and yet difficult tasks.

Rape is one of the major oil-bearing crops in Hunan and is also important for the national economy and the people's livelihood which we cannot do without. After the gang of four was smashed, and under the guidance of the strategic policy decision of Chairman Hua and the party Central Committee to grasp the key link in bringing about great order across the land, Hunan's rape production has been rapid. Rape was reaped this spring over an area of 3.7 million mou, with the total yield surpassing the highest past level. A group of communes with a per-mou yield of over 150 catties, brigades with a per-mou yield of over 200 catties, production teams with a per-mou yield of over 300 catties and plots with a per-mou yield of over 400 catties have also emerged.

However, judging from the overall situation, rape production is still a weak link in Hunan's agricultural production. The cultivated areas have not been extensive and the per-mou yield has been comparatively low. Compared with some brother provinces, our shortcomings have been very great. However, our potentials are also very great.

At present, no matter whether we look at the issue from the angle of gradually enhancing the level of edible oil supply to the people in the cities and the countryside and strengthening the collective economy, or from the angle of satisfying the demand for industrial oil by the chemical industry, light industry, national defense and medicine fronts, it is urgently necessary that we rapidly develop rape production in Hunan. The comrades on the agriculture front, particularly the leading comrades at all levels, must obtain a clear picture of the glorious task which the new period has assigned to us as well as the importance and urgency of rapidly developing rape production. They must have great determination, quicken their pace and strive to achieve a still greater increase in rape production.

The editorial pointed out: To rapidly develop rape production, we must vigorously strengthen the building of rape production bases. The practice of many localities have demonstrated that doing well in building concentrated oil-bearing crop bases with large connected plots is advantageous for strengthening leadership and management, popularizing advanced technical measures in a timely fashion, and quickly enhancing the level of per-mou yield of oil-bearing crops as well as the rate of their being turned into commercial crops.

The Hunan Provincial CCP Committee has decided to establish 1.5 million mou of rape bases in Changsha, (Wangcheng), Ninghsiang, Hsiangtan, Chuchou, Liuyang, Pingchiang and Milo counties, Chaoshan District, and the suburbs of Changsha, Chuchou and Hsiangtan municipalities this winter and also to use them to motivate the whole province to launch a great production emulation to build 6 million mou of rape bases. This is a strategic measure for rapidly developing rape production in Hunan. All prefectures, municipalities and counties should take this method as an example and including doing well in building oil-bearing crop bases in the important daily agendas of the party committees. They must proceed from the actual situations of their own localities, quickly formulate plans, do well in establishing models at all levels and widely launch socialist emulation.

HUPEH MILITIA WORK CONFERENCE CONCLUDES 10 SEFTEMBER

HK140345Y Wuhan Hupeh Provincial Service in Mandaghn 1100 DMT 13 Sep 78 HK

[Summary] The Hupeh provincial militia work conference concludes on 10 September. The participants studied the documents of the National Militia Work Conference, exposed and criticized the crimes of Lin Piao and the gang of four in interfering with and sabotaging militia work and discussed how to revive and carry forward the glorious traditions of militia work under the new historical conditions and step up militia building in the province.

A summation report was delivered on 10 September by Comrade Chang Asiu-lung, member of the Standing Committee of the provincial CCP committee, vice chairman of the provincial revolutionary committee, deputy commander of the Wuhan Military Region and commander of the Hupeh Military District. Wang Chun, Ma Hsueh-li, (Shih Chuan), Liu Hui-nung, Li Wei and Wang Han-chang, responsible comrades of the provincial CCP and revolutionary committees; Wang Chao-chu, member of the Central Committee; Chang Chih-ti, alternate member of the Central Committee; and Chen Chi-te, a responsible comrade of the provincial military district, attended the conference.

Chang Haiu-lung spoke on the following topics in his report:

- "1. Continue to deeply develop the struggle to expose and criticize the gang of four and completely wash away their permicious influence. This is the key link in militia work at present and for some time to come. Since the smashing of the gang of four, the cadres and militia in the province have actively plunged into the great struggle to expose and criticize te gang of four and have scored very great success. However, we must not be complacent. In accordance with the spirit of the National Militia Work Conference and under the unified leadership of the local party committees, we must continue to organize and mobilize the militia to plunge into the third sampaign of exposing and criticizing the gang of four and fight a people's war to wash away their permicious influence." It is necessary to constantly point the spearhead of struggle at the gang of four and their black ace generals in Hupeh and to strictly distinguish between the two different kinds of contradictions. "We must teach the cadres and militia to abide by party policies, state laws and decrees and the various disciplines and systems in a model way, to strike at the sabotage activities of class enemies, to protect the interests of the masses and to struggle against all violations of law and discipline."
- 2. Give full play to the role of the militia in production and construction. "It is necessary to handle well the relationships between working hard to build socialism and strengthening militia building, between labor and arms and between production and preparedness against war. The people's armed forces departments and cadres at all levels must learn how to grasp both militia work and production. The leading cadres must advise and do well in conveying their experiences, helping and leading. They must help young comrades to learn how to grasp militia building and also how to personally mobilize, organize and lead the militia to grasp production.

CENTRAL-SOUTH REGION

"5. On the basis of putting militia work on a sound basis in three aspects, it is necessary to do well in building the armed backbone militia. The leading comrades of party committees at all levels must establish a proletarian concept of war, exert great efforts, formulate plans and measures, quickly promote industrial and agricultural production in the province, put militia work on a sound basis in three aspects and organize, arm, teach and train the armed backbone militia well. Every armed backbone militia company should be able to come when summoned, fight when they come and win when they fight.

"It is necessary to do a good job of organizational rectification of the militia, especially of the armed backbone militia and the militia cadres. It is necessary to rectify well the rank of fulltime armed forces cadres.

"4. Further enhance understanding of the strategic position of the militia and strengthen leadership over militia work. The leading cadres at all levels and the cadres of the organs must go down to the basic levels to investigate, study and grasp typical examples. They should help the lower levels to solve problems and sum up and popularize experiences."

Comrade Chang Hsiu-lung demanded that the participants do well in conveying and implementing the spirit of the conference and strive to step up militia building, prepare for opposing a war of aggression and consolidate the dictatorship of the proletariat.

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KWEICHOW CONVENES MILITIA WORK CONFERENCE

HK140314Y Kweiyang Kweichow Provincial Service in Mandarin 1100 GMT 11 Sep 78 HK

[Summary] A Kweichow Provincial Militia Work Conference opened on 11 September. Present were Miao Chun-ting, Hsu Chien-sheng, Liu Hsing-sheng, Chang Yu-huan, (Sung Shu-kung), (Tuan Chih-chung) and Wang Chen-chiang, responsible comrades of the provincial CCP and revolutionary committees. The conference is being attended by responsible persons of the party and government from all parts of the province, of all military subdistricts and county people's armed forces departments and of the provincial organs, 530 persons in all. Hsu Chien-sheng, deputy secretary of the provincial CCP committee, presided over the session on 11 September.

Miao Chun-ting, deputy secretary of the provincial CCF committee, first read the inscriptions of Chairman Hua, Vice Chairman Yeh and Central Military Commission Vice Chairman Hsu Hsiang-chien written for the National Militia Work conference. He then made a speech saying: "This is an important meeting for implementing the spirit of the National Militia Work Conference and further strengthening militia building in the province. The chief tasks of the meeting are to hold high the great banner of Chairman Mao, implement the line of the party congress, expose and criticize the crimes of Lin Piao and the gang of four in sabotaging militia building, sum up and exchange experiences in strengthening militia building, discuss measures for implementing the spirit of the National Militia Work Conference and mobilize and organize the cadres and militia to make still greater contributions to fulfilling the general task for the new period."

After calling for study and implementation of the various documents of the National Militia Work Conference, Miao Chun-ting said: "We must profoundly understand the importance of militia work from the level of holding high the great banner of Chairman Mao and of being prepared for war, quickly do a good job of militia building while working hard to build socialism, be prepared for war and do well in putting militia work on a sound basis in three aspects under the new historical conditions so that the militia will truly become a powerful force for speeding up socialist construction and consolidating national defense."

During the session, (Li Ming) and (Kung Shu-hsiang), responsible comrades of the Kweichow Military District, conveyed the speeches of Nieh Jung-chen and Yang Yung at the National Militia Work Conference. Also present at the session were (Jen Ying), (Shih Ching-fu), (Liu Yu), (Han Kuo-ting), (Mo Chun-ho), (Hsueh Pao-chuan), (Han Chen) and (Chang Shih), responsible comrades of the Kwelchow Military District.

KWEICHOW MEETING DISCUSSES CRITERION OF TRUTH

HK140330Y Kweiyang Kweichow Provincial Service in Mandarin 1100 GMT 11 Sep 78 HK

[Summary] To stimulate a province-wide debate on the question of the criterion for determining truth, the CCP committee of the Kweichow provincial organs held a report meeting in Liukuangmen gymnasium, Kweiyang, on the morning of 8 September. Present at the meeting were leading commades of the provincial CCP and revolutionary committees and leaders and cadres of the various provincial organs, 3,000 persons in all. (Sung Shu-kung), member of the Standing Committee of the provincial CCP committee and secretary of the CCP committee of the provincial organs, presided.

Representatives from Kweichow who had attended the Peking discussion meeting on philosophy first reported on the discussions there regarding the question of theory and practice, particularly the question of the criterion for determing truth.

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[Excerte] Texing, 15 deposin accordance with the instructions of the relevant central departments and the Toking Municipal OCT desmittee, the Toking Municipal Tublic Security Fureau recently completely rehabilitated a masher of how and daughters of personated voteran codres, including Compute No Langto con, No Tong-Col, thus inclementing party policy.

netween 1958 and 1972, using fabricated charges and all sorts of protests each as "opposite areal Calteral Davelotion," "reversing the variety on their reactionary Cathers" and "altacking the protestrian bendgameters," that similar handbarn of Lin Clas and the "case of few" in the looking Manietyal rublic presently barnes agreeated compade to Lang's son he long-fet and the come and dampeters of other votural cadres. In the name of rush a "study class for some and dampeters of cadres," he put them where ac-called "soproning and "charation." Some of them were detained for as many as 5 years. These children of advance to apparent to control minister and the minister involute to cantrol minister and the minister level and SO children of makes at two department and tarrest level.

There than 70 percent of them were under 10 years and, and the prospect was only 14.

The state of the proof the proof to proof to write reports on their purents' so-called "sriminal acts," known as "expecting reactionary fathers." These reports on so-called "sriminal acts" reverse their parents' behavior in all just struggles between the two lines, contacts with other reteran source, just statements, old letters and even information on dress, saling batite, living smarters, transportation and so forth. The years just here also make to "drow a slear line between themselves and their reactionary futhers," "dig as the reactionary family facts, social roots and ideological roots," and forced to rugge their own parents by many, suggesting revolutionary families and segeting the new apparety.

The "study class" was in fact a constant attention camp of the rise and the "going of Fage." There is the "study class," this parts and allowed to this freely with rish other or never about. In the "study class," they were not allowed to this freely with rish other or never about. Freeless was continued in the parts for a treat more of now married two we tas with with 75111, and he was labeled as "attempting to Freeless the partition" and sentiment. The years marks could not receive medical name when they was about a selection and sentiment over twen influence from after affects follows their extent. The "about along also had been not to make full years and a partition to factory their about medical and restrict their extent. The "about about medical make full carts are given.

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The letter points out that people are indignant at such persecution which undersine? modellat democracy and the socialist legal system.

That Chen-Housi, a 27-year-old worker at a coment mill in the prefecture, wrote a letter to the SMANGI DAILY last November, saying that banning rural village markets was against the party's policies.

According to the party's present rural economic policies, the development of rural village markets is a factor in boosting the rural socialist economy. Following the gang of four's theory on "cutting away the tail of capitalism," the profecture began systematically to clear out rural village markets early in 1976. This ran counter to the peasants' needs and arrayed discontent.

The young worker's letter was sent to the prefectural party committee and some of its leaders held that he was attaching socialism. Early this year, they sent people to the sement mill, ordering that Teal Chen-house be held pending investigation and that he be publicly criticises. By the end of January, he was set free but a formal reprimand was entered into his present.

The event caused strong reactions from people and the HSINMIA correspondent wrote the letter following his own investigations to expose the true facts of the case.

THEOTERS PIRST DECRETARY OF AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION

SK1307-17 Tientsin City Service in Handarin 2330 GMT 10 Sep 76 SK

Excerpts] The Tientsin municipal conference sponsored by the Tientsin municipal party committee on farmland capital construction successfully closed on 7 September. Lin Hu-shia, first secretary of the Tientsin municipal party committee and chairman of the Tientsin Municipal Nevolutionary Committee, attended the conference on the morning of 6 September and celivered an important speech. The conference on the morning of 6 September was presided over by You Ta-cai, secretary of the Tientsin municipal party committee and vice chairman of the Tientsin Manicipal Devolutionary Committee.

in his speech, Comrade Lin Su-comia first expounded on how to more effectively implement the opinicial of taking agriculture as the foundation. We just forward his opinions on a number of issues, such as properly increasing agricultural investment, more reasonably readjusting the basic prices of industrial and agricultural products, using every means to pains the quality of industrial products for supporting agriculture, vigorously supporting the sevel-point of commande-brigate enterprises and continuing the policy that the grain procurement quota, once established, will remain unchanged for 5 years.

Following that Comrade in the chis spoke on the current task of agricultural production in Timestain natural counties, we pointen out: It is necessary to do a good job in this year's autumn harvest, plowing and rowing, particularly wheat sowing, so as to exceed a temper harvest in 1979. Sound work stouds be done on familiand capital construction in the eming winter-spring period. First, we should income a banger wheat harvest must pear and try our attend to improve irrigation constitions for the sheat farming. The owner, it is necessary to make proparations for the banger harvest in 1979 and give right origin; to projects sweded in increasing mext pear's production. In places rather to waterlocking in 1978 offerts should be made to get rid of the adversity in 1979. Third, it is necessary to engage is long-rance projects.

In carrying out farmland capital construction, it is imporative to avoid formalism and to pay attention to practical efficiency. In addition, it is necessary to accelerate the pace of farm mechanization, and to this end we should follow our own way. We should productive drainage and irrigation machinery, then machinery for producing chemical fortilizers, and then machinery which can speed up the work in the busy farming seasons, such as tractors, harvesters, threshers and driers. All in all, we should engage in farm mechanization in order to meet the urgent need of increasing production. Efforts should be made to establish and improve farm machinery maintenance and the repaid network and train well farm machinery operators.

It is necessary to carry out scientific farming. Comrades who devote themselves to agriculture must study science. Leading departments at all levels should create condition for studying. It is necessary to promote scientific agricultural research, develop higher agricultural educational institutions and hold short-term rotational training classes. After completing work on a season's crops, we should sum-up, evaluate and compare and exchange experiences. In every suburban district and county, experts and specialists good planting specific crops should be selected and assigned to certain areas at certain times. Everyone of them should take responsibility for a certain acroage of farmland to give technical guidance, check technical work and exchange technical information. This will certainly play a great role in popularizing high-yield experiences.

Commade Lin Mu-chia emphatically pointed out: The decisive factor in whether we can fulfill the tasks mentioned above is our persistence in learning from Tachai in agriculture. Based on the experience of many years in learning from Tachai in agriculture, the political line is fundamental to this movement and the key to its success lies in leader-ship. At present it is necessary to deeply expose and criticize Lin Fiao, the gang of four and the certain responsible persons in Tientsin so as to clarify the right and wrong in political line. Because of certain responsible persons in Tientsin who acted against the line of the 11th national party congress, severed up facts and suppressed the masses so as to protect themselves, a number of units in Tientsin just formalized the first and second empaigns to expose and criticise the gang of four. Therefore, it is necessary to make up for what was not done in the first and second empaigns before the end of 1976. We should also eateh up with the third empaign to expose and criticise the gang of four which is being carried out throughout China. In light of the actual situation on the various fronts, we should expose and criticise the counterrevolutionary revisionist line of Lin Fiso and the care of four.

Comrade Lin Hu-chia said: The party Central Committee headed by Chairman Hus has transmitted the report by the Halanghalang county party committee of Hunan Province on almostely corrying out the party's policies and endeavoring to lighten unreasonable burdens on peasants and the investigation report by the Shensi provincial party committee on a few to reasonable burdens are corrected and commandism and violating law and discipline. We could firmly follow the guidance given in the reports.

he pointed out: The nampower, funds and materials requisitioned or exacted from production to me in the past should be paid back or reinburged with resolute efforts and by inichover commiss, communes or brigades which requisitioned or exacted them. Whichever one pay back or reinburge them should do it right now. Those unable to pay all of them back or reinburgable of them should work out plans to do so by initallments.

He stressed the necessity to revive and carry forward the party's fine traditions and enable cadres' work style to undergo a great change.

In conclusion, Comrade Lin Hu-chia pointed out: It is necessary to select and promote outstanding cadres from communes and brigades advanced in learning from Tachai to the next higher leading positions through evaluation and emulation in learning from Tachai, so as to replenish and strengthen leading bodies. This is the most effective means to popularize the experiences in learning from Tachai in agriculture. Evaluation of work and promotion of cadres should be done twice a year, so that those outstanding elements who withstand the test of the three great revolutionary movements will be able to help backward units change their outlook. By so doing, the advanced experiences in learning from Tachai will be popularized.

party committees of various suburban counties should immediately grasp this work and advance namelists of cadres to be promoted to the municipal agriculture committee, which should have its personnel go to lower levels to promote this work. The key to learning from Tachai in agriculture lies in the leadership. Only well consolidated leading bodies are able to lead the masses to work vigorously and with the spirit of revolution plus all-out exertion, and promptly push forward the agricultural production of our municipality.

THENTSIN DAILY Editorial

SK130723Y Tientsin City Service in Mandarin 2330 GMT 10 Sep 78 SK

[Report of TIENTSIN DAILY 11 September editorial: "Resolutely Push Forward Agriculture in Tientsin"]

[Excerpt] The editorial says: It is necessary to push forward agriculture if we are to achieve the four modernizations, build a powerful socialist state and develop industry more rapidly. Being an industrial city, Tientsin shoulders the heavy tasks of pushing agriculture forward and making due contributions to agricultural modernization. Time is pressing.

Tientsin is situated in the lower (Chiuho) River valley with poor natural conditionsspring drought and autumn waterlogging. What is more serious, Lin Piao and the gang
of four used Tientsin as a base to usurp party and state power. Faithfully carrying
out the counterrevolutionary revisionist line of Lin Piao and the gang, certain responsible persons of Tientsin Municipality refused to implement the principle of taking
agriculture as the foundation and industry as the leading factor as set forth by
Chairman Mao himself, disrupted the party's rural economic policies, advocated the
Hsiaochinchuang experience vigorously, and severely interfered with and sabotaged
the learn-from-Tachai movement.

As a result, no achievements in agricultural production were registered in Tientsin, the standard of Tientsin's farmland capital construction was comparatively low, and Tientsin was unable to get rid of the backward situation in which a great decrease in production was registered in the year of great adversities, a little decrease was registered in the year of small adversities and a little increase in production was registered in favorable years.

only by vigoresoly building fareland improvement projects can the agricultural development of Tientain Sandelpality be greatly promoted and agricultural modernization be achieved. Only when we combat the natural condition of spring drought and autumn waterlogging will we be able to attain night and stable yields in production.

HEILUNGKIANG PREPARES TO PROTECT CROPS FROM FROST

OW140500Y Harbin Heilungkiang Provincial Service in Mandarin 1100 GMT 12 Sep 78 OW

[Excerpts] Leading groups at all levels and the people throughout our province have scored an initial success in combating frost. They began an unprecedented large-scale struggle against frost in late August with the revolutionary spirit once displayed by the people of Tachai brigade in conquering nature. As a result of the struggle, Heilungklang Province is expected to create a new record for its grain production this year.

New vast numbers of cadres and people are summing up their experiences, going all out. scrutifuling their efforts and doing everything possible to overcome the second frost.

The first frost appeared in the northern part of Heiho Prefecture on 30 August. From 4 to 6 September, frosts continuously appeared in the traditional frost zone covering tis vouthern part of Heiho Prefecture, northern parts of Nenchiang, Suihua, and assessment prefectures and the eastern part of Sunghuachirng Prefecture. A total of 21 counties have been affected by frosts. But because the people in various parts of province have vigorously strengthened the struggle against frosts, a threat of frost the usually frost-prone farmland in most areas has been either averated or diminished. This viscory should be hailed as a new breakthrough in the struggle against natural

For this initial victory in the antifrost struggle, we should pay tribute to the party Carnical Committee for its warm concern and strong support, and to the Heilungkiang Provincial CCP Committee and party organizations at all other levels for strengthening could loadership over the struggle.

our wise leader Chairman Hua had issued a series of important instructions to our province on how to overcome disasters resulting from low temperatures and cold weather. Recently, leading comrades at the central level again specifically advised our province on how to effectively combat frosts. The State Council has provided material and Financial support for the struggle.

To or amptly, conscientiously and thoroughly implement the instructions of Chairman Hua and other leading comrades of the party Central Committee, early in August the provincial pa ty committee took specific measures to combat frosts. Later, it again suggested the antifrost struggle be treated as the current central task for the countryside wallow should be firmly grasped and thoroughly implemented. At the height of the current antiforst struggle, some leading comrades on the provincial party committee personally man with meteorologists at the provincial meteorological observatory analyzing the latest weather information and studying the laws governing the movement of cold weather so that they could determine the major areas that would be affected by frosts and advise the compades of the specific measures to combat this disaster. These leading commades have also neld a series of telephone conferences on combating frosts and have directly advised various prefectures, counties and communes by telephone of how to successfully compat frosts.

on the evening of 6 September, frost occurred over some 1.285 million mou of farmland in the northern part of the province. However, as a result of a hard struggle, the people there successfully protected nearly 1.135 million mon of farmland from threats of front. From 6 to 7 September, front appeared in Chihsien, Huanan, Proching, Lopei, Ilan, Japho and other mountainous counties, threatening nearly 147,000 mos of faraland. Eventually, a threat of frost to eropa growing in 106,000 mou of Fields was averted through struggle.

So far, effective precautionary measures taken by the province has led to an initial victory in the early stage of the antifrest struggle. Large numbers of smokeshells and smokebombs have been produced and fired and large amounts of firewood and dried grass and weeds have been collected and set ablaze by the masses in combating frests. Firing smokeshells over a vast agricultural area is a new invention by our province in reventing frests. All trades and professions have enthusiastically supported the manufacturing of smokeshells in accordance with the principle of taking agriculture as the foundation and in line with the communist style.

The initial victory in combating frosts has led vast numbers of cadres and people to heighten their fighting will and increase their determination to overcome this natural disaster. Leading groups at all levels are now organizing the masses to sum up experiences in fighting frosts during the early stage of the antifrost struggle, to examine the precautionary measures against frosts and to be actively prepared to win the second battle against this disaster.

HEILUNGKIANG DAILY Editorial

OW140626Y Harbin Heilungkiang Provincial Service in Mandarin 1100 GMT 12 Sep 78 OW

[Report on HEILUNGKIANG DAILY 12 September editorial: "Continuously Carry the Struggle Against Frost Through to the End"]

[Excerpts] The editorial says: Crops in our province now seem to be growing better than last year. For this success, we must pay tribute to party committees at all levels and vast numbers of cadres and people who since the beginning of the last spring farming season have worked vigorously and diligently in combating drought, applying additional chemical fertilizer to the fields, controlling insect pests and water logging and in eliminating weeds. Now as the harvesting of wheat is almost drawing to an end, the province is looking forward to a bumper harvest of other crops. However, victory will not come automatically. We must work harder than ever to win a victory in breaking our previous record for grain production. Whether we can obtain fruit from our year-long labor depends on the outcome of our second battle against frost.

Vast numbers of cadres and people in various counties who took part in the first battle against frost last month spent night after night conscientiously tending and protecting field crops from frosts. They thus won the first battle against this year's early frosts. This victory should be regarded as a significant breakthrough in the history of agricultural production in Heilungkiang Province. But winning the first battle against the early frosts should not be interpreted as a final complete victory because the next frosts will present a more severe test to the province. We must show determination to win this battle.

Now some comrades are slackening their vigilance against frosts while blinding themselves with unrealistic optimism. They can only see crops growing well and rapidly, but give no serious thought to the possibility that the next frosts may appear earlier than expected. We must resolutely overcome such very dangerous and harmful ideas. Other comrades are fostering the conservative ideas of looking forward to an easy success through good luck. Under the influence of such ideas, they maintain that any struggle against frosts is futile because frosts can affect crops in a vast area. These ideas are absolutely wrong and run counter to the provincial party committee's instructions on doing everything possible to protect and harvest crops. If we do not swiftly correct such ideas, they would adversely affect our struggle against frosts.

Do we still remember that last year, crops in our province also grew well and soon a frost cost us 5 to 6 billion catties of grain? We should never forget this lesson. We should not pin our hopes for well being on capricious nature or on wishful thinking. Victory will not drip from the skies. We must give up wishful thinking and be prepared for struggle. As long as we carry the struggle against frosts through to the end, we can certainly win victory in breaking our province's previous record for grain production.

KIRIN FIRST SECRETARY ADDRESSES MILITIA WORK CONFERENCE

EX1406117 Changehun Kirin Provincial Service in Mandarin 0420 GMT 12 Sep 78 SK

[sacerpus of Wang En-Mao speech at the Kirin Provincial Militia Work Conference on September -- read by announcer]

[Passage indistinct] it is necessary to build China into a great powerful socialist country with modern agriculture, industry, national defense and science and pathnology within this century. When this glorious and great historical task is satisfilled, China's national economy will stand in the world's foremost ranks, national agreence will become stronger, the standard of the people's physical and cultural life all be substantially improved, the dictatorship of the proletariat will be further misclinated and our country will stand magnificently as a powerful modernized and standard of the east.

We have many domestic and international conditions very conducive to fulfilling such a girrious and great historical task. As far as domestic conditions are concerned, burrying out Chairman Mao's unfulfilled wish, Chairman Hua and the party Central Committee have smashed the gang of four, set forth the strategic policy decision on grazping the key link in running the country well, held the 11th national party congress and the Firth National People's Congress, held high Chairman Mao's great banner, adhered to Chairman Mao's proletarian revolutionary line, persisted in continuing the revolution which the dictatorship of the proletariat, deeply exposed and criticized the gang of four, clarified rights and wrongs in line, theory and ideology, revived and carried forward the party's fine tradition and work style, overcame the interference and sabotage at the gang of four and achieved stability and unity. These domestic conditions are very conducive to fulfilling the socialist four modernizations. As far as international conditions are concerned, the international situation has been developing in a direction more and more favorable to revolutionary peoples and unfavorable to social imperialism, imperialism and reactionaries in various countries.

Countries want independence, nations want liberation and the people want revolution. This tide of history is irrestible. People of various countries throughout the world all nope that China will become stronger and greater so as to increase the forces opposing imperalism, hegemony and colonialism.

Dur sountry has resolutely carried out Chairman Mao's strategic principle of differentiating the three worlds and his revolutionary line in foreign affairs, thus having a more peaceful time internationally to carry out construction. This international condition is also very favorable to realizing the socialist four modernizations.

We should not, however, forget that social imperalism still exist and that war is inevitable. The struggle between the Soviet Union and United States for negemony has gone from bad to worse. War is bound to break out someday. In particular, the Soviet revisionists are bent on subjugating our country, having deployed a million troops on the Sino-Soviet border. Thus we must heighten our vigilance from time to time, think of danger in time of peace, forget not that tigers and wolves confront us, strengthen war preparedness and be ready to fight.

When we are so prepared, it will be possible to delay the conflagration of war, and if war breaks out unexpectedly, we will not be harmed. Otherwise, we will suffer great losses.

In the past, we won victories in the agrarian revolutionary war, the war of resistance against Japan and the people's war of liberation, because we waged a people's war in accordance with Chairman Mao's military theory and line. We should again rely on Chairman Mao's military theory and line and wage a people's war to win victory in the future war against aggressors. To fight a people's war, it is imperative to adhere to the system of armed forces that combines field armies with regional forces and the militia, which Chairman Mao formulated for our party. The militia is the foundation of this system, as well as the foundation for us to carry out a people's war.

The militia occupied and played an extremely important strategic position and role in past revolutionary wars. Future wars will be modernized ones. Will the strategic position and role of the militia become less important than in the past? No. Absolutely not. Future wars will be modernized ones. Rather than reduce the importance of the strategic position and role of the militia, however, they will raise to a higher level the strategic position and role of the militia.

Weapons are an important factor in fighting a war but are not the decisive factor. The decisive factor is man and not new weapons. The reason we could use inferior weapons and equipment in defeating the enemies armed with superior weapons and equipment in the past was that we carried out a perople's war. In the future war against aggression, our weapons and equipment will be greatly different because we have modernized our national defense. But our enemies will still maintain superior weapons and equipment, and we should still fight a people's war in order to defeat our enemies armed with superior weapons and equipment.

Chairman Mao taught us: With the existence of imperialism, militia work must be strengthened, not weakened. We must be firmly convinced that the militia is the foundation of a people's war which will always demonstrate our fundamental superiority and is a magic weapon to defeat our enemies. We relied on it in the past, we are relying on it at present and we will continue to rely on it in the future. No matter what changes or developments in wars take place in the future, the principles that the army and the people are the foundation of victory and that a people's war is bound to triumph are unchangeable.

As Nieh Jung-chen, vice chairman of the Military Commission of the party Central Committee said, a people's war under modern conditions relies more than ever on the masses and the militia. Divorced from the militia and the people, the army will become a "one-armed general" and will be like a stream without a source; there will be no foundation for waging a people's war.

To emerge victorious in a future war against aggression, we must vigorously strengthen the militia while speeding up the building of our army. This is of cardinal importance for victory in a war and concerning the continued existence of China as a nation or its sub agation by a foreign power. As we all remember, in the past war of resistance against Japan, the liberation war and the war to resist U.S. aggression and aid Korea, the militia played a great role and performed immortal meritorious deeds.

Take our province alone as an example, during the war or resistance against Japan, under the leadership of the party, the masses of people formed the anti-Japan allied force, and guerrillas fought in the east mountainous areas.

In conditions of difficulty and hardship, they carried out a heroic, outstanding and unswerving struggle against the Japanese and puppet troops and played an important role in the war. During the liberation war, following the establishment of a base in northeast China, armed forces of the masses, such as the militia and self-defense forces, were formed extensively throughout our province. They developed and grew and once reached a total of more than 300,000 men. They joined in battle more than 1,000 times in coordination with the regular army units, destroyed a great number of enemy troops and safeguarded the victory.

During the war to resist U.S. aggression and aid Korea, more than 90,000 militiamen joined the Chinese people's voluntary army. A stretcher corps composed of more than 4,000 persons was formed. They made contributions to the resistance against U.S. aggression and aided Korea in defending their families and country. It can be said that every victory in China's revolutionary wars includes the meritorious services of the militiamen.

Even if our enemies occupy a number of our cities and main lines of communications by attacking with modernized and mechanized weapons, they will only occupy some points and Lines, and the more points and lines they occupy, the more they will divide their forces. This will allow us to destroy them by conducting a people's war. In a word, in future wars, the militia will make even greater contributions in replenishing soldiers, supporting the front, consolidating rear areas and joining in battle in coordination with army units.

Because of the strategic position of our province, it is also necessary to pay great attention to and strengthen militia building. Chairman Hua once instructed us that Kirin Province is characterized by its importance in border defense. Kirin is a border province which is situated at the central area of northeast China and at the forefront of combatting revisionism. Whether a small, medium or large war breaks out, our province will be the first to be affected. Therefore, we must follow the instructions of Chairman Hua, the party Central Committee and the Military Commission of the party Central Committee to strengthen the building and consolidation of border defense and safeguard the north gate of our motherland.

our province has a very long border defense line. Both in peace and in war, it is not enough to depend only on the People's Liberation Army. It is imperative to fully mobilize the vast number of militiamen and the masses, and form good army-civilian Joint defense. Only in this was car we build ar iron bastion, effectively guard against the aggression of the snear and be ready at all times to wipe out the enemy who intrudes.

The gang of four, a counterrevolutionary clique, was extremely reactionary and frenzied. I Passage indistinct; absolutely opposed the armed forces system of combining the field armies, regional screes and the militial set up the all the haddwarters, built the second armed forces, usurped the dual leadership of the party and the fill repartments over the militia, and did their utmost to disrupt the party's fine tradition i militia work, so as to make the militia a tool to a track and persecute the revolutionary cadres and the mass s and to usurp party and state power. We must extensively, deeply and theroughly criticisthe gang of four for all their crimes in undermining militia building, clarity right and wrong in line and sipe cut their poisonous influence.

We must sincerely study the important directives of Chairman Mao, Chair an Hua and Tice Chairman Meh and Teng on militia work, carnestly study the important speech of Vice Chairman Nieh Jung-chen of the Military Commission of the party Central Committee and other documents of the National Militia Work Conference and adhere to Chairman Mao's thinking and line concerning military work.

NORTHEAST REGION

Also, it is necessary to persist in people's war, affirm the position and role of the militia in [words indistinct], revolutionary war and in a war against aggression in the future, uphold the armed forces system of combining field armies, regional forces and the militia, adhere to the dual leadership of the party committees of the localities and the military departments over the militia work, hold fast the party's fine traditions in militia work, strengthen militia building and strive to insure victory in achieving the socialist modernization of agriculture, industry, national defense and science and technology.

The militia is not only a powerful force for insuring socialist construction toward the four modernizations, but also a mighty force which participates in socialist construction toward the four modernizations. The militia should make more contributions to fulfilling the four socialist modernizations of our country. Chairman Hua pointed out when inspecting our province: Kirin Province has abundant natural resources, good foundations of industry and agriculture and great potential. It should render more contributions to the building of our country.

In the past, because of the interference and sabotage of the gang of four and the former principal responsible person of the provincial party committee, the speed of our province's construction was slow. Now it is necessary to boldly mobilize the masses, bring all positive factors into play, go all out for building socialism, rush to make up for lost time and accelerate the fulfillment of the four modernizations.

The Fifth Provincial People's Congress set forth: By 1985, we must build our province into one of our country's bases for commercial grain, animal husbandry, coal, electric power, the chemical industry, motor vehicle manufacturing, paper making and the forestry industry, and establish a national economic system with a relatively sound agricultural foundation, with fairly harmonious development of agriculture, light industry and heavy industry, and with a comparatively rational over-all arrangement. This is an inspiring goal, which can be fulfilled only through painstaking effort. However, this goal must be fulfilled, and we believe we can fulfill it.

The militia should play a positive role and make due contributions to fulfilling our fighting goal and to accomplishing the general task for the new period. The militia possesses a large number of people, accounting for approximately over 80 percent of the entire labor force, and has strong physical strength. It is an important reinforcement in production. Its backbone and vanguard role is very conspicuous in the movements to learn from Taching in industry and from Tachai in agriculture. The militia cannot be diverced from and must take part in production.

The first point of the three tasks of the militia is to take the lead in fulfilling production and other tasks. Among the six requirements for the militiamen, it is emphasized that they should take the lead in participating in production. The advanced units in learning from taching and Tachai must be the advanced collectives of the militia. If the militia is unable to fulfill production and other tasks, it is not a good militia after all. The militia is a production team as well as a fighting team. It is a production team in peace time and a fighting team in war time. Even in peace time, it is necessary to combine labor with military work and combine production with fighting. At present, under the circumstance in which war has not broken out, it is even more necessary to stress the militia's role in production and in doing a good job in production. To make preparations for war and bring into full play the role of the militia in the people's war, it is imperative to strengthen militia training.

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Conference set up effective measures with regard to organization and leadership. They are no attraction of militia work organizationally, and we should resolutely put than into practice. Under the centralized leadership of the party or little, we should notifie all forces to make militia work a saccess. Party committees at all levels should group militia work as a task of princ importance. They should not a control to make and not at others. Nor should they greap it only when they are not busy. They should include it in twelf work propagands and greep it in a bit way several times a year.

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records from the continuous (inche recording) for encounters is the first one on religious special continuous in a til one sizes the good of four on encount. It is the surprises then in the bistory or militia building in our province that so many propia have attended out a confirmant to discuss as many topics. The confirmant of this confirmant is a temperature of militarian for province. Full like the confirmant for further energian, providing the development of the national necessary in our province, implementing desired necessary in our province, implementing desired necessary in our province, implementing desired necessary in our property against the property against the property against the province in the province of the province our results against the province of the distance of the province of t

The relations and principal tensor of this rentermone area to be about the creat tensor of their men their after the party of the company area and exitation the related the section of th

them, but it has many participants and a heavy complete. It is began that all or you will also rule political enthusiasm, disease thinks with open minds, respective on analytic deciments will, common multy, learn from such ather, rules secrete, [1976] instituted], and pay attention to accurity in arter to many this conference one for climinalized above and restauring order by there unly expendent and orbitalizing the crimes of in five, the goat of four and their shief followers the purbod a counterpresentationary revisionant like it followers and purpose a preparedness against war and politic proposed for mary for exchanging expendence and helping each other; and for middlining as to [work indictions] not attenued an militia balloing in our previous, into a conference consists markets. [applicate] (our recogning)

And lead applease, "and rea-ying, political condition of the Teinghal Provincial Military District, read the instrictions out ten by Chairman Dua, Tice Chairman behand tice Chairman Dua, the Chairman has made the party Central Committee Military Commission for the Mational Militia World Conference.

At the coordanies of the spraing revenous, thou Pass, deputy remnander of the Trindsai Frevionial Military Titraint, conveyed the guidelines of the National Military Conference.

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